### 審査意見への対応を記載した書類(10月)

- (目次) 先進理工系科学研究科 広島大学・ライプツィヒ大学国際連携サステイナビリティ学専攻(M)
- 2. 本専攻においては全ての授業科目を英語で行う計画であるが、シラバスの教科書や参 考書には日本語のものも含まれており、実際に英語で授業が行えるのか不明確である。 英語で授業が適切に行われることを改めて説明すること。(改善事項)・・・・・・・7
- 3. 3つのポリシーや養成する人材像で掲げている専門分野は、理工学専攻というには狭い専門分野であり、教育課程を適切に表した専攻名称とは言えない。また、英語名称についても人間社会科学研究科の国際連携専攻の名称と同様な名称になっており学生に誤解を与える可能性があるため、適切な名称に改めること。その際に、日本語名称と英語名称の整合性の取れた専攻名称とすること。(是正事項)・・・・・・・・・・11

(改善事項) 先進理工系科学研究科 広島大学・ライプツィヒ大学国際連携サステイナビリティ学専攻 (M)

1. 本専攻では、「SDGs 達成に向けた地域と世界の喫緊の課題」を「学際的な視点や多元的なアプローチで研究や実務を遂行できる能力を有し」た人材を養成するとしており、先進理工系科学研究科の国際連携専攻でも専攻分野や研究手法が違うものの、同様な人材を養成することとしており、3つのポリシーも類似している。学際的な視点や多元的なアプローチで研究や実務を遂行できる能力を有し、類似した養成する人材像やディプロマ・ポリシーで2専攻を設置するのであれば、両専攻が協力して教育を行うことでより高い教育効果を上げられると考えられる。本学における両国際連携専攻の位置付けや設置の趣旨を明確にし、それぞれの研究科の教育内容を深化させていくことに重点を置いているのか、あるいは連携して学際的な視点を養っていくのかを説明すること。

(対応)

両国際連携専攻の位置づけや設置の趣旨を、より明確にします。

SDGs 達成のために即戦力となる人材育成のためには、大きく2つの手法、すなわち、社会科学的アプローチと理工学的アプローチが存在します。本専攻においては、母体となる専攻と連携外国大学の教育資源を最大限に活用できる理工学的アプローチを採用します。すなわち、持続可能な開発学領域において、エネルギー工学や資源管理分野に特化したプログラムを提供しているライプツィヒ大学と、環境学や都市工学分野に特化した授業科目を提供している広島大学が、連携して1つの教育課程を構築し、双方の教員が協働して研究指導を行うことにより、上述の人材育成を行います。そのため、アドミッション・ポリシーにおいても、「エネルギー工学、資源管理工学、環境学や都市工学を基盤に」、「複雑プロセスを分析、評価する意欲を持つ人」を求めています。同じように、カリキュラム・ポリシーでは、「環境的に持続可能な発展を実現するために必要な技術」等を専門科目として学ばせます。同様に、ディプロマ・ポリシーにおいても、「エネルギー工学、資源管理工学、環境学や都市工学を基盤」にした研究・実践能力を身に付けさせます。

以上のとおり、本専攻は、理工学的アプローチにより SDGs の達成を成し遂げる人材を育成するための専攻であり、社会科学的アプローチにより SDGs の達成を成し遂げる人材を育成する「人間社会科学研究科広島大学・グラーツ大学国際連携サステイナビリティ学専攻」(申請中)とは、その設置の趣旨が異なるものです。

その上で、本専攻の学生と「人間社会科学研究科広島大学・グラーツ大学国際連携サステイナビリティ学専攻」(申請中)の学生が広島大学で共に学ぶ機会があることを活かし(広島大学開講の Integration 科目は両専攻で共通に開講)、一層の学際的視野の養成にも配慮します。すなわち、応用と実践力の養成を目的とした Integration 科目において、社会科学系の学生と理工学系の学生が同じ教室で学ぶことにより、相互に異なった視野や考え方に接することができ、社会科学系や理工学系といった枠に収まらない高度の学際性を養います。

新

# 旧

- I 設置の趣旨及び必要性
  - 1. 背景•社会的要請
    - (2) 持続可能な開発の学問分野

(略)

これに対して開発学は,経済や社会の開発 を中心的な課題とする学際研究領域であり, 経済学, 政治学, 法学, 社会学, 教育学, 文 化人類学, 医学・保健学, 土木・建築工学, 農学などの関連学問分野を含む。開発学の対 象とする国や地域は、もっぱら最貧国や開発 途上国であるが, 先進国が途上国の開発を支 援するという援助からパートナーシップに よる相互協力・協働を原則とする国際協力へ とアプローチが変遷してきた。本申請で提案 する学問分野「持続可能な開発学(サステイ ナビリティ学)」は、上記の環境学における 従来の持続可能な開発論に、開発学における 国際協力論を統合し、持続可能な開発目標 SDGs の実現を目指す応用学際領域である と定義する。

本専攻では、上述の「持続可能な開発学」 の中でも特に、環境的に持続可能な開発(環 境持続可能性)にかかる課題解決のための技 術や自然科学を扱う理工学的アプローチに よる計画、開発、実装、分析、評価について 学際的・国際的な視点で学ぶことを特徴とし ている。

- I 設置の趣旨及び必要性
  - 1. 背景·社会的要請
    - (2) 持続可能な開発の学問分野

(略)

これに対して開発学は、経済や社会の開発を中心的な課題とする学際研究領域であり、経済学、政治学、法学、社会学、教育学、文化人類学、医学・保健学、土木・建築工学、農学などの関連学問分野を含む。開発学の対象とする国や地域は、もっぱら最貧国や開発を支援するという援助からパートナーシップによる相互協力・協働を原則とする国際協力へとアプローチが変遷してきた。本申請で提案する学問分野「持続可能な開発学」は、上記の環境学における従来の持続可能な開発論に、開発学における国際協力論を統合し、持続可能な開発目標 SDGs の実現を目指す応用学際領域であると定義する。

(新旧対照表) 設置の趣旨等を記載した書類 3頁

新	旧
I 設置の趣旨及び必要性	I 設置の趣旨及び必要性

#### 2. 設置の必要性

(1) SDGs 達成を担う人材育成の必要性

(略)

さらに、SDGs は前述の通り、環境学の研究領域であった「持続可能な開発」と開発学の融合である。そして、途上国における開発研究のみならず先進国における持続可能な開発のあり方も整合的な同じ枠組みの中で考えなければならない。こうした教育研究領域の飛躍的な拡大に対して、学際研究領域を広くカバーする総合研究大学は、高度な人材育成の分野で貢献することが求められる。とりわけ、新たな社会的動向やニーズの変化を感知し、柔軟に提供すべきプログラムを開発することが期待される大学院において、SDGs 目標達成のために即戦力となる人材育成のための新たな学位プログラムの設置が急務となっている。

このような人材を育成するに当たっては, 社会科学的アプローチと理工学的アプロー チが存在するが,本専攻においては,母体と なる専攻と連携外国大学の教育資源を最大 限に活用できる理工学的アプローチを採用 する。すなわち, 理工系科学の学問領域の中 で「サステイナビリティ学」は、途上国と先 進国の双方において低炭素社会,循環型社 会,自然共生社会を実現するための環境的に 持続可能な開発 (環境持続可能性) に関連す る諸技術を融合した学問と位置づけられる。 具体的に,本専攻では,広島大学とライプツ ィヒ大学の特長を生かし,環境学,都市工学, エネルギー工学, 資源管理学などのテーマに 重点を置いて,新しいタイプの理工学分野の 高度専門人材を養成する。

#### 2. 設置の必要性

(1) SDGs 達成を担う人材育成の必要性

(略)

さらに、SDGs は前述の通り、環境学の研究領域であった「持続可能な開発」と開発学の融合である。そして、途上国における開発研究のみならず先進国における持続可能な開発のあり方も整合的な同じ枠組みの中で考えなければならない。こうした教育研究領域の飛躍的な拡大に対して、学際研究領域を広くカバーする総合研究大学は、高度な人材育成の分野で貢献することが求められる。とりわけ、新たな社会的動向やニーズの変化を感知し、柔軟に提供すべきプログラムを開発することが期待される大学院において、SDGs 目標達成のために即戦力となる人材育成のための新たな学位プログラムの設置が急務となっている。

新

#### Ⅱ 本国際連携専攻の特色

本専攻の特徴は、環境的に持続可能な開発 (環境持続可能性)にかかる課題解決のため の技術や自然科学を扱う理工学的アプロー チによる計画,開発,実装,分析,評価につ いて学際的・国際的な視点で学び、研究や実 務に応用できる能力を育てることにある。学 生は自ら取り組む課題を設定し, その課題解 決に向けて主体的に学修を進める。1.(2) で定義した「持続可能な開発学」は広範な学 際研究領域であるが、その領域において最も 関連の深い分野は、広島大学は環境学や都市 工学分野であり, ライプツィヒ大学は持続可 能な開発におけるエネルギー工学や資源管 理分野である。本専攻は、その両大学が、持 続可能な開発に関する主要な自然科学分野 を統合した 1 つの国際連携教育課程を構築 するものである。広島大学は、アジアを中心 としたフィールドで実践的な教育研究を行 ってきており、その経験の蓄積やネットワー クを活かすことが可能である。欧州とアジア という地球規模での持続可能な開発におい て主要なリーダーシップを発揮する 2 地域 のそれぞれの地域特性を理解しながら, 互い の大学の経験を活かし, 良質な授業科目を提 供する。また、特徴が異なる両大学の教員が 協働して指導を行うことにより、より学際的 な視点が必要とされる持続可能な開発に関 する修士論文の指導が可能となる。

このように、本専攻では、環境学を基礎と しつつ SDGs の達成に資する人材を育成す るものであり、アドミッション・ポリシーに 旧

#### Ⅱ 本国際連携専攻の特色

本専攻の特徴は、途上国の急激な都市化に 伴う環境問題を中心とした課題解決のため の技術の計画, 開発, 実装, 分析, 評価につ いて学際的・国際的な視点で学び、研究や実 務に応用できる能力を育てることにある。学 生は自ら取り組む課題を設定し, その課題解 決に向けて主体的に学修を進める。1.(2) で定義した「持続可能な開発学」は広範な学 際研究領域であるが、その領域において最も 関連の深い分野は、広島大学は環境学や都市 工学分野であり, ライプツィヒ大学は持続可 能な開発におけるエネルギー工学や資源管 理分野である。本専攻は、その両大学が、持 続可能な開発に関する主要な自然科学分野 を統合した 1 つの国際連携教育課程を構築 するものである。広島大学は、アジアを中心 としたフィールドで実践的な教育研究を行 ってきており、その経験の蓄積やネットワー クを活かすことが可能である。欧州とアジア という地球規模での持続可能な開発におい て主要なリーダーシップを発揮する 2 地域 のそれぞれの地域特性を理解しながら, 互い の大学の経験を活かし, 良質な授業科目を提 供する。また、特徴が異なる両大学の教員が 協働して指導を行うことにより、より学際的 な視点が必要とされる持続可能な開発に関 する修士論文の指導が可能となる。

おいても、「エネルギー工学、資源管理工学、 環境学や都市工学を基盤に」、「複雑プロセス を分析, 評価する意欲を持つ人」を求めてい る。同じように、カリキュラム・ポリシーで も,「エネルギー工学,資源管理工学,環境 学や都市工学を基盤に」することとしてい る。同様に、ディプロマ・ポリシーにおいて も,「エネルギー工学,資源管理工学,環境 学や都市工学を基盤」にした研究・実践能力 を身に付けることとしており,本専攻は理工 学的アプローチによる SDGs の達成を成し 遂げるための専攻である。

(新旧対照表) 設置の趣旨等を記載した書類 25頁

新

VI 教育方法, 履修指導方法, 研究指導体制

旧

- VI 教育方法,履修指導方法,研究指導体制 及び修了要件
  - 2. 指導体制
    - (2) 指導方法

(略)

また、SDGs 達成に向けた研究力や実務能 力を育成するため, 持続可能な発展論に関す る主要な議論とその背景となる考え方を包 括的に教え,多様な観点から持続可能な発展 を論じる基盤を習得させる。そして, 政府開 発援助の主要なスキームを取り上げ, プロジ ェクトの実践的な管理方法や事業評価につ いて指導する。

さらに,本専攻の学生と「人間社会科学研 究科広島大学・グラーツ大学国際連携サステ イナビリティ学専攻」(申請中) の学生が広 島大学で共に学ぶ機会があることを活かし (広島大学開講の Integration 科目は両専攻 で共通に開講),一層の学際的視野の養成に も配慮する。すなわち, 応用と実践力の養成

- 及び修了要件
  - 2. 指導体制
    - (2) 指導方法

(略)

また、SDGs 達成に向けた研究力や実務能 力を育成するため, 持続可能な発展論に関す る主要な議論とその背景となる考え方を包 括的に教え,多様な観点から持続可能な発展 を論じる基盤を習得させる。そして, 政府開 発援助の主要なスキームを取り上げ, プロジ ェクトの実践的な管理方法や事業評価につ いて指導する。

を目的とした Integration 科目において、社会科学系の学生と理工学系の学生が同じ教室で学ぶことにより、相互に異なった視野や考え方に接することができ、社会科学系や理工学系といった枠に収まらない高度の学際性を養う。

(改善事項) 先進理工系科学研究科 広島大学・ライプツィヒ大学国際連携サステイナビリティ学専攻 (M)

2. 本専攻においては全ての授業科目を英語で行う計画であるが、シラバスの教科書や参 考書には日本語のものも含まれており、実際に英語で授業が行えるのか不明確である。 英語で授業が適切に行われることを改めて説明すること。

#### (対応)

本専攻のベーシック科目については、各ホーム大学で履修することから、本学をホーム 大学とする日本語を解する学生に、学修目的に応じて一部日本語開講科目を履修させても 教育課程上支障が無いと判断し、選択科目として含めていました。

しかし、全ての授業科目を英語で行うという本専攻設置の趣旨から、対象の科目は自由 科目に変更します。

なお、専門科目 (Specialization 科目)、専門科目(Integration 科目)及び研究指導については、母体となる専攻の、英語でも修了が可能な学位プログラムにおいて、英語で授業を実施する教員が担当するため、これらの科目は英語で実施されます。

(新旧対照表) 教育課程等の概要 1-2頁

					折	<del>1</del> √ ) / j		1 2	, <u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u>						日 日			
1		E //		授業科目	(m/r)		単位数			1	2			授業科目	(m/r)		単位数	
<b>1</b>	計目	区欠	ì	の名称	(略)	必修	選択	自由		<b>本</b>	<b>計</b> 目	区分		の名称	(略)	必修	選択	自由
			计	(略)			(略)						持	(略)			(略)	
	広島	大学	持続可能な	アプロー	(略)			<u>1</u>			広島	大学院	持続可能な	の子间的アプロー	(略)		<u>1</u>	
ベーシック科目	大学開設	院共通科	発展	チクロー チB	(#117			1		ベーシック科目	大学開設	共通科	発展科目	SDGs へ の学問的 アプロー チ B	(HI)		1	
Ħ	科	目		(略)	6.4.		(略)			Ħ	科	目		(略)	4		(略)	
	目			小計(13 科目)	(略)	0	<u>14</u>	<u>2</u>			目	Ĺ		小計(13 科目)	(略)	0	<u>16</u>	<u>0</u>
					(略)										(略)			
					(略)										(略)			
					各)		ļ								各)			
	í	合計	(68	科目)	(略)	0	<u>185</u>	<u>2</u>			î	信台	(68	科目)	(略)	0	<u>187</u>	<u>0</u>

(新旧対照表) 教育課程等の概要 4-5頁

	新													Ħ			
														1			
1	科目区分			授業科目	(略)		単位数		4	SI. FI	区分		授業科目	(略)		単位数	
1	7 1	<b>四</b> 刀		の名称	(#17)	必修	選択	自由	1	TP	区刀		の名称	(#17)	必修	選択	自由
			+±.	(略)			(略)					杜	(略)			(略)	
	広島	大学	持続可能な	SDGs へ の学問的 アプロー チ A	(略)			1		広島	大学	持続可能な	SDGs へ の学問的 アプロー チ A	(略)		1	
ベーシック科目	大学開設	院共通科	発展科目	SDGs へ の学問的 アプロー チ B	(#117			1	ベーシック科目	大学開設	院共通科	3 発展科目	SDGs へ の学問的 アプロー チ B	(HI)		1	
目	科	目	Г	(略)			(略)		目	科	目	Н	(略)			(略)	
	目	Ĺ	1	1.71/	(略	)				目	L	- 1	1.71/.	(略)	)		
				小計(13 科目)	(略)	0	<u>14</u>	<u>2</u>					小計(13 科目)	(略)	0	<u>16</u>	<u>0</u>
					(略)									(略)			
					(略)									(略)			
					各)		,	1						各)		, .	
	í	合計	(52	科目)	(略)	0	<u>100</u>	<u>2</u>		î	合計(	52	科目)	(略)	0	<u>102</u>	<u>0</u>

(新旧対照表) 設置の趣旨等を記載した書類 15頁

### Ⅳ 教育課程の編成の考え方及び特色

# 1. 教育課程の編成の考え方及び特色

### (3) 科目区分

各科目区分の科目構成は以下のとおりであり、<u>ベーシック科目の一部を除き</u> 選択科目として開設する。

① ベーシック科目

### <広島大学開設科目>

・持続可能な発展に関する学際的な思考を 育み、多様な視点から自らが内発的に成 長する持続可能な発展を探求する基礎を 身に付けるため、大学院共通科目(持続 可能な発展科目)として「Hiroshima か Ⅳ 教育課程の編成の考え方及び特色

## 1. 教育課程の編成の考え方及び特色

#### (3) 科目区分

各科目区分の科目構成は以下のとおりであり、全て選択科目として開設する。

① ベーシック科目

<広島大学開設科目>

・持続可能な発展に関する学際的な思考を 育み、多様な視点から自らが内発的に成 長する持続可能な発展を探求する基礎を 身に付けるため、大学院共通科目(持続 可能な発展科目)として「Hiroshima か ら世界平和を考える」「Japanese ら世界平和を考える」「Japanese Experience of Social Development-Economy, Infrastructure, and Peace」「Japanese Experience of Human Development-Culture, Education, and Health」「ダイバーシティの理解」を開設する。なお、日本語で開講する授業科目であるものの、本専攻に関連する授業科目として、「SDGs への学問的アプローチ A」及び「SDGs への学問的アプローチ B」を自由科目として開設する。

Experience of Social Development-Economy, Infrastructure, and Peace」「Japanese Experience of Human Development-Culture, Education, and Health」「SDGs への学問的アプローチA」「SDGs への学問的アプローチB」「ダイバーシティの理解」を開設する。

# (新旧対照表) 設置の趣旨等を記載した書類 17頁-18頁

新	旧
Ⅳ 教育課程の編成の考え方及び特色	IV 教育課程の編成の考え方及び特色
1. 教育課程の編成の考え方及び特色	1. 教育課程の編成の考え方及び特色
(3) 科目区分	(3) 科目区分
(略)	(略)
また、本専攻のディプロマ・ポリシーに示	また、本専攻のディプロマ・ポリシーに示
す能力と教育課程等の対応は,以下の表 1「各	す能力と教育課程等の対応は,以下の表1「各
科目で養成する能力について」を参照。 なお,	科目で養成する能力について」を参照。
(※) は自由科目であることを示す。	
【表 1】各科目で養成する能力について	【表 1】各科目で養成する能力について
科目名	科目名
SDGs への学問的アプローチ A <u>(※)</u>	SDGs への学問的アプローチ A
SDGs への学問的アプローチ B <u>(※)</u>	SDGs への学問的アプローチ B

# (新旧対照表) 設置の趣旨等を記載した書類 24頁

新	旧					
VI 教育方法,履修指導方法,研究指導体制	VI 教育方法,履修指導方法,研究指導体制					
及び修了要件	及び修了要件					
1. 授業で使用する共通言語	1. 授業で使用する共通言語					
本専攻は, 国際的に活躍する人材を養成す	本専攻は、国際的に活躍する人材を養成す					

るものであり,授業では英語を使用する。(<u>た</u>だし,日本語による自由科目も一部開設す<u>る。</u>)

るものであり、授業では英語を使用する。(母体となる専攻で英語開講科目という限定をしていない科目については、日本語の授業とは別途に英語の授業を開講する。)

(是正事項) 先進理工系科学研究科 広島大学・ライプツィヒ大学国際連携サステイナビリティ学専攻(M)

3. 3つのポリシーや養成する人材像で掲げている専門分野は、理工学専攻というには狭い専門分野であり、教育課程を適切に表した専攻名称とは言えない。また、英語名称についても人間社会科学研究科の国際連携専攻の名称と同様な名称になっており学生に誤解を与える可能性があるため、適切な名称に改めること。その際に、日本語名称と英語名称の整合性の取れた専攻名称とすること。

### (対応)

本専攻は、「持続可能な開発学(サステイナビリティ学)」の教育研究を行うものであり、 教育課程をより適切に表するため、専攻名称を「先進理工系科学研究科広島大学・ライプ ツィヒ大学国際連携サステイナビリティ学専攻」(英語の専攻名称は、Joint International Master's Programme in Sustainable Development (Hiroshima University and Leipzig University))とします。

「サステイナビリティ学」とは、細分化された個々の学問領域では解決できない地球的課題に対し、人文社会科学や自然科学といった境界を越えた俯瞰的な観点から取り組むための学問です。歴史的には、21世紀に入り世界では、地球温暖化、生物多様性の減少、貧困問題などの地球規模課題が顕著となったことにより、「サステイナビリティ学」の重要性が国際的に広く認識されるようになりました。

「サステイナビリティ学」を通じた地球規模課題の解決には、教育を通じた人材育成が不可欠であり、世界各国、特に先進国において、「サステイナビリティ学」に関する教育研究組織等が設立されています。一例は以下のとおりです。

○世界的に見た「サステイナビリティ学」に関する教育研究組織等

#### (米国)

- ・アリゾナ州立大学サステイナビリティ学研究科
- ・オハイオ州立大学サステイナビリティ学研究所
- コーネル大学コーネル・アトキンソン・サステイナビリティ学センター
- ・ペンシルバニア州立大学サステイナビリティ学研究所
- ・ミシガン大学グラハム・サステイナビリティ学研究所
- ・カリフォルニア州立大学ノースリッジ校サステイナビリティ学研究所
- メイン大学サステイナビリティ・ソリューション・センター
- ファーマン大学サステイナビリティ学センター

#### (欧州等)

- ・ヘルシンキ大学ヘルシンキサステイナビリティ学研究所
- コペンハーゲン大学サステイナビリティ学センター
- ・ケンブリッジ大学サステイナビリティ・リーダーシップ研究所

### ・国連大学サステイナビリティ高等研究所

日本国内においては、例えば、東京大学では、平成17年に「サステイナビリティ学連携研究機構」を設置しており、平成22年には一般社団法人サステイナビリティ・サイエンス・コンソーシアムが設立されています。その後、平成23年には博士課程教育リーデングプログラム「サステイナビリティ学グローバルリーダー養成大学院プログラム」が採択されています。

また,「サステイナビリティ学」が世界的に広く通用していることの根拠として,以下のことが挙げられます。

- ○国際サステイナビリティ学会 (International Society for Sustainability Science (ISSS)) の発足 (2012 年 2 月, アリゾナ州での第 3 回サステイナビリティ学国際会議にて)
- ○国際学術誌「サステイナビリティ・サイエンス」の刊行(2007年,シュプリンガー社) (サステイナビリティ学の論文数は,2013年現在,約7,000本(東京大学 武内和彦教 授(当時)の発表資料による。))

このように、「サステイナビリティ学」という用語を名称に用いた大学等の教育研究組織は世界的に多く存在しており、「サステイナビリティ学」に関する国際学会や国際学術雑誌も存在しています。各教育研究組織においては、それぞれに強みのあるアプローチが採用されていますが、「サステイナビリティ学」という共通の名称が広く使用されているのが、世界的な状況です。「サステイナビリティ学」は、その出所からして本質的に極めて学際的な学問であり、特定の分野を示す語を付加した、例えば、「〇〇系サステイナビリティ学」といった名称が使用されることはなく、共通して「サステイナビリティ学」を使用することが世界的な潮流となっています。

なお、「サステイナビリティ学」は、本質的に極めて学際的な学問であるため、別途申請中の人間社会科学研究科でのグラーツ大学との国際連携専攻も同様に、「人間社会科学研究科広島大学・グラーツ大学国際連携サステイナビリティ学専攻」(英語の専攻名称は、Joint International Master's Programme in Sustainable Development (Hiroshima University and University of Graz))の名称を使用します。

また、「サステイナビリティ学」のアプローチには様々なものがあることから、審査意見 1への対応でも言及しましたとおり、今回申請している2つの専攻は、一部の教育課程で 相互に連携して教育効果を高めます。

通常、研究科と専攻は合わせて認識されるものであり、また、教育課程の専門科目にお

ける「Environmental Management」「Development Technology」「Transportation Engineering」等の科目編成からも、本専攻は理工学的アプローチによる「サステイナビリティ学」の専攻であると認識されるものと考えます。

なお、両専攻の教育課程は、ベーシック科目では専門性にとらわれない幅広い科目を学び、Specialization 科目では各自の専門性を深め、Integration 科目では社会科学系、理工学系の枠を超えた学際性を身に付ける構造です。

# (新旧対照表) 基本計画書 1頁

(1)	旧刈思衣/							
	新	旧						
	新設学部等の名称 先進理工系科学研究科		新設学部等の名称 					
新設学	[Graduate School of Advanced Science and Engineering]	亲言	[Graduate School of Advanced Science and Engineering]					
部等の	広島大学・ライプツィヒ大学国際連携 <u>サス</u> <u>テイナビリティ</u> 学専攻	音 等 0	等 事攻					
概要	[Joint International Master's Programme in Sustainable Development (Hiroshima University and Leipzig University)]	想	Joint International Master's Programme in Sustainable Development (Hiroshima					

#### (新旧対昭表) 基本計画書 2百

	巫平川凹首 4 只							
	新	旧						
	(略)		(略)					
同一設置者内に	(令和元年8月意見伺い)	同一設置者内に	(令和元年8月意見伺い)					
おける変更状況	大学院人間社会科学研究科	おける変更状況	大学院人間社会科学研究科					
(定員の移行、名	広島大学・グラーツ大学国際連	(定員の移行、名	広島大学・グラーツ大学国際連					
称の変更等)	携 <u>サステイナビリティ</u> 学専攻	称の変更等)	携 <u>社会科</u> 学専攻(M2)					
	(M2)							

## (新旧対照表) 基本計画書 2頁

	新	旧					
	新設学部等の名称		新設学部等の名称				
教育課程	先進理工系科学研究科広島大学・ライプ ツィヒ大学国際連携 <u>サステイナビリティ</u> 学専攻	教育課程	先進理工系科学研究科広島大学・ライプツィヒ大学国際連携 <u>理工</u> 学専攻				

# (新旧対照表) 基本計画書 2頁

		新			旧							
教	新設分	学部等の名称 先進理工系科学研 究科広島大学・ラ イプツィヒ大学国 際連携サステイナ ビリティ学専攻 (修士課程)	(略)	(所先工学科大ライン) ・理科究島・プ	教	新設分	学部等の名称 先進理工系科学研 究科広島大学・ラ イプツィヒ大学国 際連携 <u>理工</u> 学専攻 (修士課程)	(略)	(所先工学科大ライン) :理科究島・プ			
員組織の概要	既設分	計 (略) 人間社会科学研究 科広島大学・グラ ーツ大学国際連携 サステイナビリテ イ学専攻(修士課	(略) (略) (略)	ツ 大 下 サ イ リ テ マ サ イ リ テ 東 ス ナ テ す マ リ マ サ マ 大 で す ス ナ で よ カ よ カ よ の よ の よ の よ の よ の に の の の の の の の の の の の の の	員組織の概要	既設分	計 (略) 人間社会科学研究 科広島大学・グラ ーツ大学国際連携 社会科学専攻(修 士課程)	(略)	ツィヒ 大際 <u>理工</u> 専攻			
		程) (略) 計 合計	(略) (略) (略)				(略) 計 合計	(略) (略) (略)				

(新旧対照表) 基本計画書 3頁

(新旧対照衣)	基本計画者 3 貝	$\neg$		In
	新	4		旧
	新設学部等の 名称			新設学部等の 名称
専任教員研究室	先進理工系科学研究科広島 大学・ライプツィヒ大学国際 連携サステイナビリティ学 専攻		専任教員研究室	先進理工系科学研究科広島 大学・ライプツィヒ大学国際 連携 <u>理工</u> 学専攻

(新旧対照表) 基本計画書 3頁

	新	旧					
	新設学部等の名称		新設学部等の名称				
図		図					
書	先進理工系科学研究科広島大学・ライプツ	書	先進理工系科学研究科広島大学・ライプツィ				
	ィヒ大学国際連携 <u>サステイナビリティ</u> 学専	•	ヒ大学国際連携 <u>理工</u> 学専攻				
設	攻	設					
備	計	備	計				

### (新旧対照表) 基本計画書 18頁

(略) (略) 人間社会科学研究科 人間社会科学研究科 (略) (略) 広島大学・グラーツ大学国際連携+ステイナビリティ $\neq$ 専攻(M)広島大学・グラーツ大学国際連携社会科学専攻(M) 先進理工系科学研究科 先進理工系科学研究科 (略) (略) 広島大学・ライプツィヒ大学国際連携サステイナビリティ学専 広島大学・ライプツィヒ大学国際連携理工学専攻(M) 攻 (M) (略)

## (新旧対照表) 教育課程等の概要 1頁

新 旧 教育課程等の概要(国際連携学科等) 教育課程等の概要(国際連携学科等) (先進理工系科学研究科 広島大学・ライプツィヒ大学国際連携サステイナビリティ学専攻(修士課程)) 国際連携理工学専攻(修士課程))

# (新旧対照表) 教育課程等の概要 4頁

新 旧 数育課程等の概要(国際連携学科等) 教育課程等の概要(国際連携学科等) 教育課程等の概要(国際連携学科等) (先進理工系科学研究科 広島大学・ライブツィヒ大学国際連携サステイナビリティ学専攻(修士課程))(広島大学) 国際連携理工学専攻(修士課程))(広島大学)

### (新旧対照表) 教育課程等の概要 7頁

新	旧
教育課程等の概要(国際連携学科等)	教育課程等の概要(国際連携学科等)
(先進理工系科学研究科 広島大学・ライプツィヒ大学国際連携 <u>サステイナビリティ</u> 学専攻(修士課程))(ライプツィヒ大学)	(先進理工系科学研究科 広島大学・ライプツィヒ大学 国際連携 <u>理工</u> 学専攻(修士課程))(ライプツィヒ大学)

### (新旧対照表) 授業科目の概要 1頁

<b>数</b>	lh lh
授業科目の概要	授業科目の概要
(先進理工系科学研究科 広島大学・ライプツィヒ大 学国際連携 <u>サステイナビリティ</u> 学専攻(修士課程))	(先進理工系科学研究科 広島大学・ライプツィヒ大 学国際連携 <u>理工</u> 学専攻(修士課程))
学国際連携 <u>サステイナビリティ</u> 学専攻(修士課程))	学国際連携 <u>理工</u> 学専攻(修士課程))

(新旧対照表) 授業科目の概要 21頁	
新	旧
授業科目の概要	授業科目の概要
(先進理工系科学研究科 広島大学・ライプツィヒ大 学国際連携 <u>サステイナビリティ</u> 学専攻(修士課程))(広	(先進理工系科学研究科 広島大学・ライプツィヒ大学 国際連携 <u>理工</u> 学専攻(修士課程))(広島大学)
島大学)	
(新旧対照表) 授業科目の概要 37頁	
新	[H
授業科目の概要	授業科目の概要
学国際連携サステイナビリティ学専攻(修士課程))(ラ	国際連携理工学専攻(修士課程))(ライプツィヒ大学)
イプツィヒ大学)	
(新旧対照表)     シラバス 目次       新       先進理工系科学研究科 広島大学・ライプツィヒ大	旧 - - - - - - - - - -
学国際連携 <u>サステイナビリティ</u> 学専攻 シラバス 目次	学国際連携 <u>理工</u> 学専攻 シラバス 目次
(新旧対照表) 校地校舎等の図面 4頁	
新	旧
・・・先進理工系科学研究科広島大学・ライプ ツィヒ大学国際連携 <u>サ</u> ステイナビリテ <u>イ</u> 学専攻使用部分(学部・研究科共用)	・・・先進理工系科学研究科広島大学・ライプ ツィヒ大学国際連携 <u>理工</u> 学専攻使用部 分(学部・研究科共用)
(新旧対照表) 校地校舎等の図面 5頁	
新	旧
・・・先進理工系科学研究科広島大学・ライプ ツィヒ大学国際連携 <u>サステイナビリテ</u> <u>イ</u> 学専攻使用部分(学部・研究科共用)	・・・先進理工系科学研究科広島大学・ライプ ツィヒ大学国際連携 <u>理工</u> 学専攻使用部 分(学部・研究科共用)
・・・先進理工系科学研究科広島大学・ライプ ツィヒ大学国際連携 <u>サ</u> ステイナビリテ <u>イ</u> 学専攻使用部分(工学部・先進理工 系科学研究科と共用)	・・・先進理工系科学研究科広島大学・ライプ ツィヒ大学国際連携 <u>理工</u> 学専攻使用部 分(工学部・先進理工系科学研究科と 共用)

# (新旧対照表) 校地校舎等の図面 6頁

新	旧
・・・先進理工系科学研究科広島大学・ライプ	・・・先進理工系科学研究科広島大学・ライプ
ツィヒ大学国際連携 <u>サステイナビリテ</u>	ツィヒ大学国際連携 <u>理工</u> 学専攻使用部
<u>イ</u> 学専攻使用部分(人間社会科学研究	分(人間社会科学研究科,先進理工系
科,先進理工系科学研究科共用)	科学研究科共用)

# (新旧対照表) 学則 15頁

(新旧对煦衣) 子則 15貝	
新	旧
広島大学大学院規則(改正案)	広島大学大学院規則(改正案)
第4条 本学大学院の各研究科に、次の課程及び専	第4条 本学大学院の各研究科に,次の課程及び専
攻を置く。	攻を置く。
人間社会科学研究科	人間社会科学研究科
(略)	(略)
広島大学・グラーツ大学国際連携サステイナビ	広島大学・グラーツ大学国際連携社会科学専攻
<u>リティ</u> 学専攻(修士課程)	(修士課程)
先進理工系科学研究科	先進理工系科学研究科
(略)	(略)
広島大学・ライプツィヒ大学国際連携サステイ	広島大学・ライプツィヒ大学国際連携 <u>理工</u> 学専
<u>ナビリティ</u> 学専攻(修士課程)	攻(修士課程)
(略)	(略)

### (新旧対照表) 学則 28頁

新 旧 広島大学大学院規則(改正案) 広島大学大学院規則(改正案) 広島大学大学院規則(改正案) 「京島大学大学院規則(改正案) 「京島大学・グラーツ 大学国際連携サステイナビリティ学専攻及び先進理工系科学研究科広島大学・ライプツィヒ大学 国際連携サステイナビリティ学専攻において、この規則と異なる取扱いをする 場合は、連携外国大学院(当該研究科と連携して教

育研究を実施する外国の大学院をいう。)と締結す

る協定書又は覚書により別に定める。

(新旧対昭表) 学則 38百

により別に定める。

学院(当該研究科と連携して教育研究を実施する 外国の大学院をいう。)と締結する協定書又は覚書

(新旧对	照衣) 子則 38貝		
新		旧	
広島大学院規則(改正案)		広島大学院規則(改正案)	
	3項の表	附則第3項の表	
人間社	(略)	人間社	(略)
会科学	広島大学・グラーツ大学国際連携サス	会科学	広島大学・グラーツ大学国際連携 <u>社会</u>
研究科	<u>テイナビリティ</u> 学専攻	研究科	<u>科</u> 学専攻
	計		計
先進理	(略)	先進理	(略)
工系科	広島大学・ライプツィヒ大学国際連携	工系科	広島大学・ライプツィヒ大学国際連携
学研究	<u>サステイナビリティ</u> 学専攻	学研究	<u>理工</u> 学専攻
科 	<b>≅</b> +	科	<u>≅</u>
	н		н

#### (新旧対昭表) 学則 39百

(新旧为	思衣) 子則 39貝		
	新		l <del> </del>
広島大学大	学院規則(改正案)	広島大学大	学院規則(改正案)
別表	(第5条関係)	別表(	第5条関係)
収容	定員	収容	定員
人間社	(略)	人間社	(略)
会科学研究科	広島大学・グラーツ大学国際連携 <u>サス</u> テイナビリティ学専攻	会科学 研究科	広島大学・グラーツ大学国際連携 <u>社会</u> <u>科</u> 学専攻
	計		計
先進理	(略)	先進理	(略)
│ 工系科 │ 学研究   科	広島大学・ライプツィヒ大学国際連携 サステイナビリティ学専攻	工系科学研究	広島大学・ライプツィヒ大学国際連携 理工学専攻
	計		計

## (新旧対照表) 学則 40頁

新	田
広島大学大学院規則の変更事項	広島大学大学院規則の変更事項
1 変更の事由	1 変更の事由
(略)	(略)
②大学院人間社会科学研究科に,広島大学・グラ	②大学院人間社会科学研究科に、広島大学・グラ
ーツ大学国際連携サステイナビリティ学専攻	ーツ大学国際連携社会科学専攻を設置するこ

を設置することとするため。

③大学院先進理工系科学研究科に、広島大学・ライプツィヒ大学国際連携<u>サステイナビリティ</u>学専攻を設置することとするため。

#### 2 変更の概要

(略)

②大学院人間社会科学研究科広島大学・グラーツ 大学国際連携<u>サステイナビリティ</u>学専攻及び 大学院先進理工系科学研究科広島大学・ライプ ツィヒ大学国際連携<u>サステイナビリティ</u>学専 攻の設置に伴う本学大学院の研究科に置く課 程及び専攻並びに収容定員その他所要の規定 の整備を行う。 ととするため。

③大学院先進理工系科学研究科に、広島大学・ライプツィヒ大学国際連携<u>理工</u>学専攻を設置することとするため。

#### 2 変更の概要

(略)

②大学院人間社会科学研究科広島大学・グラーツ 大学国際連携社会科学専攻及び大学院先進理 工系科学研究科広島大学・ライプツィヒ大学国 際連携理工学専攻の設置に伴う本学大学院の 研究科に置く課程及び専攻並びに収容定員そ の他所要の規定の整備を行う。

(新旧対照表) 学則 42頁	
新	旧
広島大学大学院規則(改正案)新旧対照表	広島大学大学院規則(改正案)新旧対照表
人間社会科学研究科(博士課程)	人間社会科学研究科(博士課程)
(略)	(昭各)
広島大学・グラーツ大学国際連携	広島大学・グラーツ大学国際連携
サステイナビリティ 学専攻(修士	社会科学専攻(修士課程)
課程)_	先進理工系科学研究科(博士課程)
先進理工系科学研究科(博士課程)	(略)
(略)	広島大学・ライプツィヒ大学国際
広島大学・ライプツィヒ大学国際	連携理工学専攻(修士課程)
連携サステイナビリティ学専攻	

# (新旧対照表) 学則 48頁

(新旧对照衣	分子則 48貝	
	新	H
広島大学大学院	規則(改正案)新旧対照表	広島大学大学院規則(改正案)新旧対照表
	第 56 条 人間社会科学研究科広島	第56条 人間社会科学研究科広島大
	大学・グラーツ大学国際連携サス	<u>学・グラーツ大学国際連携社会科</u>
	<u>テイナビリティ</u> 学専攻及び先進理	学専攻及び先進理工系科学研究科
	工系科学研究科広島大学・ライプ	広島大学・ライプツィヒ大学国際
	ツィヒ大学国際連携サステイナビ	連携理工学専攻において,この規
	<u>リティ</u> 学専攻において,この規則	則と異なる取扱いをする場合は,
	と異なる取扱いをする場合は,連	連携外国大学院(当該研究科と連携
	携外国大学院(当該研究科と連携	して教育研究を実施する外国の大
	して教育研究を実施する外国の大	学院をいう。)と締結する協定書又
	学院をいう。)と締結する協定書又	は覚書により別に定める。
	は覚書により別に定める。	

(新旧対照表) 学則 50頁-51頁

広島大学大学院規則(改正案)新旧対照表 広島大学大学院規則(改正案)新旧対照表 (略) 人間 (略) 人間 広島大学・グラーツ大学国際連 広島大学・グラーツ大学国際連 社会 社会 科学 携サステイナビリティ学専攻 科学 携社会科学専攻 研究 研究 科 科 先進 先進 (略) (略) 理工 広島大学・ライプツィヒ大学国 理工 広島大学・ライプツィヒ大学国 系科 系科 際連携サステイナビリティ学 際連携理工学専攻 学研 専攻 学研 究科 究科 計

(新旧対照表) 学則 54頁

新 旧 広島大学大学院規則(改正案)新旧対照表 広島大学大学院規則(改正案)新旧対照表 (略) 人間 (略) 人間 社会 広島大学・グラーツ大学国際連 <u>社会</u> 広島大学・グラーツ大学国際連 携社会科学専攻 科学 携サステイナビリティ学専攻 科学 研究 <u>研究</u> 計 計 科 科 先進 (略) 先進 (略) 広島大学・ライプツィヒ大学国 理工 広島大学・ライプツィヒ大学国 理工 系科 際連携サステイナビリティ学 系科 際連携理工学専攻 学研 学研 究科 究科 計

(新旧対照表) 学則 58頁

新

広島大学学位規則(改正案) 広島大学学位規則(改正案) 第 17 条 人間社会科学研究科広島大学・グラーツ 第 17 条 人間社会科学研究科広島大学・グラーツ 大学国際連携サステイナビリティ学専攻及び先 大学国際連携社会科学専攻及び先進理工系科学 研究科広島大学・ライプツィヒ大学国際連携理工 進理工系科学研究科広島大学・ライプツィヒ大学 国際連携<u>サステイナビリティ</u>学専攻において,こ 学専攻において, この規則と異なる取扱いをする の規則と異なる取扱いをする場合は、連携外国大 場合は,連携外国大学院(当該研究科と連携して教 学院(当該研究科と連携して教育研究を実施する 育研究を実施する外国の大学院をいう。)と締結す 外国の大学院をいう。)と締結する協定書又は覚書 る協定書又は覚書により別に定める。 により別に定める。

旧

#### (新旧対照表) 学則 72-73頁

新

広島大学学位規則の変更事項

#### 1 変更の事由

(略)

- ② 大学院人間社会科学研究科に、広島大学・グラーツ大学国際連携<u>サステイナビリティ</u>学専攻を設置することとするため。
- ③ 大学院先進理工系科学研究科に、広島大学・ ライプツィヒ大学国際連携<u>サステイナビリテ</u>ィ学専攻を設置することとするため。

#### 2 変更の概要

(略)

② 人間社会科学研究科広島大学・グラーツ大学 国際連携サステイナビリティ学専攻及び先進 理工系科学研究科広島大学・ライプツィヒ大学 国際連携サステイナビリティ学専攻において, 当該規則と異なる取扱いをする場合は,当該研 究科と連携して教育研究を実施する外国の大 学院と締結する協定書又は覚書により別に定 める旨を規定する。

#### 広島大学学位規則の変更事項

#### 1 変更の事由

(略)

- ② 大学院人間社会科学研究科に、広島大学・グラーツ大学国際連携<u>社会科</u>学専攻を設置することとするため。
- ③ 大学院先進理工系科学研究科に、広島大学・ ライプツィヒ大学国際連携<u>理工</u>学専攻を設置 することとするため。

#### 2 変更の概要

(略)

② 人間社会科学研究科広島大学・グラーツ大学 国際連携社会科学専攻及び先進理工系科学研 究科広島大学・ライプツィヒ大学国際連携<u>理工</u> 学専攻において、当該規則と異なる取扱いをす る場合は、当該研究科と連携して教育研究を実 施する外国の大学院と締結する協定書又は覚 書により別に定める旨を規定する。

 $\Box$ 

#### (新旧対照表) 学則 74頁

広島大学学位規則(改正案)新旧対照表

新

第 17 条 人間社会科学研究科広島 大学・グラーツ大学国際連携サス テイナビリティ学専攻及び先進理 工系科学研究科広島大学・ライプ ツィヒ大学国際連携サステイナビ リティ学専攻において,この規則 と異なる取扱いをする場合は,連 携外国大学院(当該研究科と連携 して教育研究を実施する外国の大 学院をいう。)と締結する協定書又 は覚書により別に定める。 広島大学学位規則(改正案)新旧対照表

第17条 人間社会科学研究科広島大学・グラーツ大学国際連携社会科学専攻及び先進理工系科学研究科広島大学・ライプツィヒ大学国際連携理工学専攻において、この規則と異なる取扱いをする場合は、連携外国大学院(当該研究科と連携して教育研究を実施する外国の大学院をいう。)と締結する協定書又は覚書により別に定める。

#### (新旧対照表) 当該申請についての意思の決定を証する書類 2頁

	新		IB
協定書を説明する資料	<del>가</del>	協定書を説明す	る資料
その他		その他	
○協定書内 で使用する 用語の定義	<ul> <li>「国際連携教育課程」とは、 広島大学・ライプツィヒ大学 国際連携<u>サステイナビリテ</u> <u>イ</u>学専攻を指す。 (略)</li> </ul>	○協定書内 で使用する 用語の定義	・「国際連携教育課程」とは、 広島大学・ライプツィヒ大学 国際連携 <u>社会科</u> 学専攻を指 す。 (略)

## (新旧対照表) 当該申請についての意思の決定を証する書類 10頁

(利用対照表) 当該中間についての思心の決定で配する音類 10頁		
新	II	
協定書案和訳	協定書案和訳	
ドイツ・ライプツィヒ大学と日本国広島大学との広島大学・ライプツィヒ大学国際連携 <u>サステイナビリティ</u> 学専攻設置に係る協力協定	ドイツ・ライプツィヒ大学と日本国広島大学との広 島大学・ライプツィヒ大学国際連携 <u>理工</u> 学専攻設置 に係る協力協定	
(略)	(略)	

# (新旧対照表) 当該申請についての意思の決定を証する書類 10頁

(新旧対照表) 当該申請についての意思の決定を証する書類 10頁		
新	旧	
協定書案和訳	協定書案和訳	
第2条	第2条	
定義	定義	
"国際連携教育課程"とは、LUとHUが共同で運	"国際連携教育課程"とは,LUとHUが共同で運	
営する学位課程"広島大学・ライプツィヒ大学国際	営する学位課程"広島大学・ライプツィヒ大学国際	
連携サステイナビリティ学専攻"を指す。この国際	連携理工学専攻"を指す。この国際連携教育課程で	
連携教育課程では、LUとHUは、共同で教育を行	は,LUとHUは,共同で教育を行い,修了要件を	
い、修了要件を満たした学生に対し共同で単一の学	満たした学生に対し共同で単一の学位を授与する。	
位を授与する。		
"JP 学生"とは、国際連携教育課程に入学した学	"JP 学生"とは、国際連携教育課程に入学した学	
生を指す。	生を指す。	
"ホーム大学"とは、本協定書の当事者であり、か	"ホーム大学"とは、本協定書の当事者であり、か	
つ学生が入学手続きをした大学を指す。	つ学生が入学手続きをした大学を指す。	
"相手大学"とは、本協定書の当事者であり、ホー	"相手大学"とは、本協定書の当事者であり、ホー	
ム大学ではない大学を指す。	ム大学ではない大学を指す。	

# (新旧対照表) 設置の趣旨等を記載した書類 表紙

新	旧
設置の趣旨等を記載した書類	設置の趣旨等を記載した書類
広島大学大学院先進理工系科学研究科 広島大学・ライプツィヒ大学国際連携 <u>サステイナビ</u> リティ学専攻	広島大学大学院先進理工系科学研究科 広島大学・ライプツィヒ大学国際連携 <u>理工</u> 学専攻

# (新旧対照表) 設置の趣旨等を記載した書類 1頁

新	旧
I 設置の趣旨及び必要性	I 設置の趣旨及び必要性
1. 背景・社会的要請	1. 背景・社会的要請
(2) 持続可能な開発の学問分野	(2) 持続可能な開発の学問分野
(略)	(略)
本申請で提案する学問分野「持続可能な開発学(サ	本申請で提案する学問分野「持続可能な開発学」は、
ステイナビリティ学)」は、上記の環境学における	上記の環境学における従来の持続可能な開発論に,
従来の持続可能な開発論に、開発学における国際協	開発学における国際協力論を統合し、持続可能な開
力論を統合し,持続可能な開発目標 SDGs の実現を	発目標 SDGs の実現を目指す応用学際領域であると
目指す応用学際領域であると定義する。	定義する。

立り位日寸と比較した自然 11只

Ⅲ 専攻の名称及び学位の名称

1. 専攻及び学位の名称

専攻名は、広島大学とライプツィヒ大学の連携によって遂行される理工学分野における持続可能な開発学系の学際的な教育研究を行う大学院修士課程として、「広島大学大学院先進理工系科学研究科広島大学・ライプツィヒ大学国際連携サステイナビリティ学専攻」とする。(略)

Ⅲ 専攻の名称及び学位の名称

1. 専攻及び学位の名称

専攻名は、広島大学とライプツィヒ大学の連携によって遂行される理工学分野における持続可能な開発学系の学際的な教育研究を行う大学院修士課程として、「広島大学・ライプツィヒ大学国際連携理工学専攻」とする。(略)

(新旧対照表) 設置の趣旨等を記載した書類 12頁-13頁

蛇

Ⅲ 専攻の名称及び学位の名称

2. 当該名称とする理由及び国際通用性

本専攻は、持続可能な開発学領域において、環境学や都市工学分野で授業を提供する広島大学と、持続可能な開発におけるエネルギー工学や資源管理分野でプログラムを提供するライプツィヒ大学が、双方の特徴を活かし、自然科学全般の視点も含め持続可能な開発に関する学際的な教育課程である。従って、本専攻は、「広島大学大学院先進理工系科学研究科広島大学・ライプツィヒ大学国際連携サステイナビリティ学専攻」という名称を付し、授与する学位は「修士(学術)」とする。

「サステイナビリティ学」とは、細分化された個々の学問領域では解決できない地球的課題に対し、人文社会科学や自然科学といった境界を越えた俯瞰的な観点から取り組むための学問である。歴史的には、21世紀に入り世界では、地球温暖化、生物多様性の減少、貧困問題などの地球規模課題が顕著となったことにより、その重要性が国際的に広く認識されるようになった。

専攻名及び学位の英語名称の国際通用性について,連携外国大学のライプツィヒ大学は,既に欧州の他大学と同専攻名称及び学位名称で,同様の分野における国際連携教育課程を実施してきた実績を有している。

また、例えば、東京大学では、平成 17 年に「サステイナビリティ学連携研究機構構想」を設置しており、平成 22 年には一般社団法人サステイナビリティ・サイエンス・コンソーシアムが設立されている。その後、平成 23 年には博士課程教育リーデングプログラム「サステイナビリティ学グローバルリーダー養成大学院プログラム」が採択されている。

イギリスのサセックス大学においては、持続可能性への転換に関する政策と政治について教育を行う Sustainable Development 修士課程プログラムで、Master of Science を授与している。本専攻ではより学際的な視点から学生を養成することを狙いとしているため、「Sustainable Development」を含む英語名称を採用しており、この名称自体は国際通

Ⅲ 専攻の名称及び学位の名称

2. 当該名称とする理由及び国際通用性

本専攻は、持続可能な開発学領域において、環境 学や都市工学分野で授業を提供する広島大学と、持 続可能な開発におけるエネルギー工学や資源管理 分野でプログラムを提供するライプツィヒ大学が、 双方の特徴を活かし、自然科学全般の視点も含め持 続可能な開発に関する学際的な教育課程である。従 って、本専攻は、「広島大学・ライプツィヒ大学国 際連携理工学専攻」という名称を付し、授与する学 位は「修士(学術)」とする。(略)

専攻名及び学位の英語名称の国際通用性について,連携外国大学のライプツィヒ大学は,既に欧州の他大学と同専攻名称及び学位名称で,同様の分野における国際連携教育課程を実施してきた実績を有している。

また、例えば、イギリスのサセックス大学においては、持続可能性への転換に関する政策と政治について教育を行う Sustainable Development 修士課程プログラムで、Master of Science を授与している。本専攻ではより学際的な視点から学生を養成することを狙いとしているため、「Sustainable Development」を含む英語名称を採用しており、この名称自体は国際通用性を有している。

用性を有している。

さらに、「サステイナビリティ学」が世界的に広 <u>く通用していることの根拠として、以下のことが挙</u> げられる。

- ・国際サステイナビリティ学会(International Society for Sustainability Science (ISSS)) の発足(2012年2月,アリゾナ州での第3回サステイナビリティ学国際会議にて)
- ・国際学術誌「サステイナビリティ・サイエンス」 の刊行(2007年,シュプリンガー社)(サステイナ ビリティ学の論文数は,2013年現在,約7,000本 (東京大学 武内和彦教授調べ))

このように、「サステイナビリティ学」という用語を名称に用いた大学等の研究教育組織は世界的に多く存在しており、「サステイナビリティ学」に関する国際学会や国際学術雑誌も存在している。各研究教育組織においては、それぞれに強みのあるアプローチが採用されているが、「サステイナビリティ学」という共通の名称が広く使用されているのが、世界的な状況である。「サステイナビリティ学」は、その出所からして本質的に極めて学際的な学問であり、特定の分野を示す語を付加した名称が使用されることはなく、共通して「サステイナビリティ学」を使用することが世界的な潮流となっている。

「サステイナビリティ学」は、本質的に極めて学際的な学問であるため、別途申請中の人間社会科学研究科でのグラーツ大学との国際連携専攻も同様に、「人間社会科学研究科広島大学・グラーツ大学国際連携サステイナビリティ学専攻」(英語の専攻名称は、Joint International Master's Programme in Sustainable Development (Hiroshima University and University of Graz))の名称を使用する。

2つの専攻は、それぞれが属する研究科名称で明らかなとおり、「サステイナビリティ学」のアプローチが異なっている。また、本専攻の教育課程については、専門科目の「Environmental Management」「Development Technology」「Transportation Engineering」等の科目編成からも、理工学的アプローチと認識されるものと考える。「サステイナビリティ学」のアプローチには様々なものがあることから、2つの専攻は、一部の教育課程で相互に連携して教育効果を高める。両専攻の教育課程は、ベーシック科目では専門性にとらわれない幅広い科目を学び、Specialization 科目では各自の専門性を深め、Integration 科目では社会科学系、理工学系の枠を超えた学際性を身に付ける構造である。

(新旧対照表) 設置の趣旨等を記載した書類(資料目次)

# (新旧対照表) 設置の趣旨等を記載した書類(資料2) 1頁

新	旧
広島大学・ライプツィヒ大学国際連携サステイナビ	広島大学・ライプツィヒ大学国際連携理工学専攻
<u>リティ</u> 学専攻	養成する人材像と3つのポリシーの対比表
養成する人材像と3つのポリシーの対比表	

# (新旧対照表) 設置の趣旨等を記載した書類(資料4) 1頁

(利用力が表)					
新	旧				
先進理工系科学研究科 広島大学・ライプツィヒ大	先進理工系科学研究科 広島大学・ライプツィヒ大				
学国際連携サステイナビリティ学専攻	学国際連携理工学専攻				
修了までのスケジュール	修了までのスケジュール				

# (新旧対照表) 学生の確保の見通し等を記載した書類 1頁

(別日内が数) 1上り提供り几連じりと目標 1兵					
新	旧				
(1) 学生の確保の見通し及び申請者としての取組	(1) 学生の確保の見通し及び申請者としての取組				
状況	状況				
① 学生の確保の見通し	① 学生の確保の見通し				
ア 定員充足の見込み	ア 定員充足の見込み				
(略)	(略)				
広島大学・ライプツィヒ大学国際連携サステイナビ	広島大学・ライプツィヒ大学国際連携 <u>理工</u> 学専攻				
<u>リティ</u> 学専攻(以下「本専攻」という。)は、当該	(以下「本専攻」という。) は,当該プログラムを				
プログラムを基礎とするジョイント・ディグリープ	基礎とするジョイント・ディグリープログラムであ				
ログラムである。(略)	る。(略)				

# (新旧対照表) 教員名簿 [教員の氏名等] 1頁

新	旧	
教員の氏名等	教員の氏名等	
(先進理工系科学研究科 広島大学・ライプツィヒ大学国際連携 <u>サステイナビリティ</u> 学専攻(修士課程))(広島大学)	(先進理工系科学研究科 広島大学・ライプツィヒ大学 国際連携 <u>理工</u> 学専攻(修士課程))(広島大学)	

### (新旧対照表) 教員名簿 [教員の氏名等] 2頁

新	旧		
教 員 の 氏 名 等 (先進理工系科学研究科 広島大学・ライプツィヒ大	教 員 の 氏 名 等 (先進理工系科学研究科 広島大学・ライプツィヒ大学		
学国際連携 <u>サステイナビリティ</u> 学専攻 (修士課程)) (広 島大学)	国際連携理工学専攻(修士課程))(広島大学)		

### (新旧対照表) 教員名簿 [教員の氏名等] 3頁

教員の氏名等 教員の氏名等

(先進理工系科学研究科 広島大学・ライプツィヒ大学国際連携<u>サステイナビリティ</u>学専攻(修士課程))(広島大学)

(先進理工系科学研究科 広島大学・ライプツィヒ大学国際連携理工学専攻(修士課程))(広島大学)

教員の氏名等

(新旧対照表) 教員名簿 [教員の氏名等] 4頁

教員の氏名等

・ライプツィヒ大 (先進理工系科学研究科 広島大学・ライプツィヒ大学ィ学専攻(修士課程))(広島大学) 国際連携理工学専攻(修士課程))(広島大学)

(先進理工系科学研究科 広島大学・ライプツィヒ大学国際連携<u>サステイナビリティ</u>学専攻(修士課程))(広島大学)

(新旧対照表) 教員名簿 [教員の氏名等] 5頁

\_\_\_\_\_\_新\_\_\_\_\_\_旧\_\_\_

教員の氏名等

(先進理工系科学研究科 広島大学・ライプツィヒ大学国際連携<u>サステイナビリティ</u>学専攻(修士課程))(ライプツィヒ大学)

(先進理工系科学研究科 広島大学・ライプツィヒ大学 国際連携<u>理工</u>学専攻(修士課程))(ライプツィヒ大学)

教員の氏名等

(新旧対照表) 教員名簿 [教員の氏名等] 6頁

(先進理工系科学研究科 広島大学・ライプツィヒ大学国際連携<u>サステイナビリティ</u>学専攻(修士課程))(ライプツィヒ大学)

教員の氏名等

(先進理工系科学研究科 広島大学・ライプツィヒ大学 国際連携<u>理工</u>学専攻(修士課程))(ライプツィヒ大学)

教員の氏名等

(新旧対照表) 専任教員の年齢構成・学位保有状況 1頁

専任教員の年齢構成・学位保有状況

専任教員の年齢構成・学位保有状況

【先進理工系科学研究科 広島大学・ライプツィヒ大学国際連携サステ<u>イナビリティ</u>学専攻 (修士課程)】

【先進理工系科学研究科 広島大学・ライプツィヒ大学 国際連携理工学専攻(修士課程)】 (改善事項) 先進理工系科学研究科 広島大学・ライプツィヒ大学国際連携サステイナビリティ学専攻 (M)

4. 連携大学からの学生への配慮の観点から、英語若しくは連携大学の母国語によるシラバスが適切に作成されている必要があることから、英語若しくは連携大学の母国語によるシラバスを示すこと。

# (対応)

連携外国大学からの学生に配慮し、別紙のとおり英語によるシラバスを作成します。

Joint International Master's Programme in Sustainable Development (Hiroshima University and Leipzig University), Graduate School of Advanced Science and Engineering

# Index of Syllabus

1. Basic Course	
(1) Hiroshima University	
①Common Graduate Couse/ SDGs Cours	se
World Peace and HIROSHIMA	P88
Japanese Experience of Social Development Economy, Infrastructure, and Peace	P89
Japanese Experience of Human Development-Culture, Education, and Health	P90
Academic approach to SDGs - A	P91
Academic approach to SDGs - B	P93
Understanding Diversity and Inclusion	P95
©Common Graduate Course/ Career Development, Data Literacy	
Data Literacy	P96
Data Literacy in Medicine	P97
Career Management - Theory & Career Development	P98
Career Management for Engineer	P99
Stress Management	P100
Introduction to MOT	P101
Entrepreneurship	P102
③Common Graduate School Course	
MOT and Venture Business	P103
Technology Transfer	P104
PBL for Technology Transfer	P105
Data Visualization A	P106
Data Visualization B	P107
Principles of Environment A	P108

Principles of Environment B

P109

# **4** Foundation Course Research Method P110 Introduction to Sustainable Development P111 Regional and Urban Engineering P112 Fundamentals of Survey Methodology P114 Numerical Environmental Impact P116 Assessment I Geographic Information System P117 Technology (2) Leipzig University Basics in Economic Sciences P118 Basics in Social Sciences P119 - International Studies Basics in Sustainable Development P120

# 2. Specialized Course

(1) Hiroshima University		(2) Leipzig University	
①Specialization Course		①Specialization Course	
Environmental Management	P121	Energy Engineering and Management	P154
Development Technology	P123	Water Resources Management	P155
Transportation Engineering	P124	Sustainable Energy Economics	P156
Transportation Planning	P126	Land Management	P157
Tourism Policy	P128	Environmental and Biodiversity	D1 50
Risk Management Technology	P130	Economics	P158
Sustainable Architecture A	P132	②Integration Course	
Sustainable Architecture B	P134	Integration Module	P159
Energy Science and Technology	P136	Project Management and Communication Skills	P160
Numerical Environmental Impact Assessment II	P137	Material Flow Management	P161
Botany Resources for the Future	P138	Sustainability Assessment of	
Environmental Monitoring	P139	the Energiewende	P162
Biomass Energy Technology	P140	Modelling in Resources Management	P163
Ecosystem Conservation and	P141	Entrepreneurship Management	P164
Management Science	1 141	Economics and Natural Resource Use	P165
			T TOO
Management and Conservation of Ecosystems	P142	and Conservation	1100
<del>-</del>		and Conservation  3. Master Thesis	1105
Ecosystems			P166
Ecosystems Seminar A	P143	3. Master Thesis	
Ecosystems Seminar A Seminar B	P143	3. Master Thesis  Master Thesis (Hiroshima University)	P166
Ecosystems Seminar A Seminar B  ②Integration Course	P143 P144	3. Master Thesis  Master Thesis (Hiroshima University)	P166
Ecosystems Seminar A Seminar B  ②Integration Course Fieldwork	P143 P144 P145	3. Master Thesis  Master Thesis (Hiroshima University)	P166
Ecosystems  Seminar A  Seminar B  ②Integration Course  Fieldwork  Global Internship	P143 P144 P145 P146	3. Master Thesis  Master Thesis (Hiroshima University)	P166
Ecosystems  Seminar A  Seminar B  ②Integration Course  Fieldwork  Global Internship  Developing Designing Ability  Practical Seminar on International	P143 P144 P145 P146 P147	3. Master Thesis  Master Thesis (Hiroshima University)	P166
Ecosystems  Seminar A  Seminar B  ②Integration Course  Fieldwork  Global Internship  Developing Designing Ability  Practical Seminar on International  Cooperation Project  Seminar on Practices for International	P143 P144 P145 P146 P147 P149	3. Master Thesis  Master Thesis (Hiroshima University)	P166
Ecosystems  Seminar A  Seminar B  ②Integration Course  Fieldwork  Global Internship  Developing Designing Ability  Practical Seminar on International  Cooperation Project  Seminar on Practices for International  Civil Servants A  Seminar on Practices for International	P143 P144 P145 P146 P147 P149	3. Master Thesis  Master Thesis (Hiroshima University)	P166
Ecosystems  Seminar A  Seminar B  ②Integration Course  Fieldwork  Global Internship  Developing Designing Ability  Practical Seminar on International  Cooperation Project  Seminar on Practices for International  Civil Servants A  Seminar on Practices for International  Civil Servants B  International Environmental	P143 P144 P145 P146 P147 P149 P150	3. Master Thesis  Master Thesis (Hiroshima University)	P166

Subject Name:	Subject Name	in	Credits:	Instructor:
Hiroshima から	English:		1	Kawano Noriyuki, Komiyama Michio,
世界平和を考える	World Peace	and		Nakatsubo Takayuki, Yamane Tatsuo,
	HIROSHIMA			Kawai Kouichirou
			Lesson Style:	Teaching Style:
			Lecture	Omnibus

Located in Hiroshima, where the whole population suffered the Atomic Bombing, Hiroshima University puts up the banner of spirit of seeking peace. The objectives of this course are to review the damages of atomic bombing that have shaped the current HIROSHIMA's identity, and to seek for the way in which we should achieve universal and eternal peace, referring to HIROSHIMA as the starting point. As such, this course deals with the issues of poverty, famine, refugee, environment, and conflicts around the globe, and examines how the ideal peace should be, recognizing to the difference between ideal and real society.

#### Class Schedule

The 1st: Introduction, What is "peace". (Kawano)

The 2nd: Outline of Atomic-Bomb Affliction (Kawano)

The 3rd: History of Hiroshima: Society and Culture in Pre-WWII Hiroshima (Komiyama)

The 4th: Atomic Bomb and Hiroshima University: History of University's Committoment toward Peace (Komiyama)

The 5th: The Challenges of Poverty, Starvation and Food Production in the Developing Countries (Kawai)

The 6th: Current Situations and Solutions of Global Warming, Environment Destruction, and Depletion of Natural Resurces (Nakatsubo)

The 7th: Traits of Regional Conflicts in the Modern Era and Post-Conflict Peacebuilding (Yamane)

The 8th: Traits of Regional Conflicts in the Modern Era and Post-Conflict Peacebuilding (Yamane)

### Text / Reference Books, etc.:

There is no textbook. Instructors will distribute handouts when necessary.

Reference books may be introduced in class.

## Grading Method:

Grades will be awarded on the basis of regular attendance, class participation (30%) and a report (70%).

Grading: Excellent: S or  $\geq 90$ , Superior: A or  $\geq 80$ , <90, Good: B or  $\geq 70$ , <80, Fair: C or  $\geq 60$ , <70, Fail: D or <60

Subject Name:	Subject Name in	Credits:	Instructor:
Japanese Experience	English:	1	Kaneko Shinji, Yoshida
of Social	Japanese Experience of		Yuichiro, Yoshida Osamu,
Development-	Social Development-		Zhang Junyi, Katayanagi
Economy,	Economy,		Mari, Ichihashi Masaru,
Infrastructure, and	Infrastructure, and		Misumi Sachiko
Peace	Peace	Lesson Style:	Teaching Style:
		Lecture	Omnibus

This course intends to discuss the issues of SDGs under the Guiding principles of Hiroshima University "Pursuit of Peace" and the long-term vision "Splendor Plan 2017". The SDGs sets sustainability as a core of the global issues. Such a broad issue always involves many related issues. Resolution of one issue may produce another issue. It is important to consider cross-disciplinary approach and historical aspect. Also inclusiveness is an important principle of SDGs, and thus all countries, developed and developing countries, should collaborate to tackle these.

When considering these cross-disciplinary approach, history, and inclusiveness of development, Japanese experience of development provides an important case, because Japan, among non-European countries, is the first country which has become a member of OECD. Here, we can learn many points from the developing efforts whether they are success or failure. These efforts, including development assistance, are connected to Japanese society of today. On the other hand, Japan currently faces such new issues as rapid aging and depopulation. Thus this course discusses Japanese experience of social development from the above aspects.

## Class Schedule

lesson1 Shinji Kaneko "Guidance of the course"

lesson2 Sachiko Misumi "JICA chugoku center"

lesson3 Yuichiro Yoshida "Japanese policy experience: Success and Failures"

lesson4 Masaru Ichihashi "Industrial Policy and Economic growth"

lesson5 Junyi Zhang "History of environmental policies in Japan"1

lesson6 Junyi Zhang "History of environmental policies in Japan"2

lesson7 Osamu Yoshida "Japanese ODA and its Asia Policy"

lesson8 Mari Katayanagi "Reconstruction of Hiroshima from Peacebuilding Perspective"

### Text / Reference Books, etc.:

Teaching and reading materials will be provided in the class

#### Grading Method:

30% Attendance and discussion, 70% Final report

Grading: Excellent: S or  $\geq 90$ , Superior: A or  $\geq 80$ , <90, Good: B or  $\geq 70$ , <80, Fair: C or  $\geq 60$ , <70,

Fail: D or <60

Subject Name:	Subject Name in English:	Credits:	Instructor:
Japanese	Japanese Experience of	1	BaBa Takuya, Shimizu Kinya,
Experience of	Human		Tanaka Junko, Moriyama
Human	Development-Culture,		Michiko, Maharajan Keshav
Development-Cu	Education, and Health		Lall, Seki Koki
lture, Education,		Lesson Style:	Teaching Style:
and Health		Lecture	Omnibus

This course intends to discuss the issues of SDGs under the Guiding principles of Hiroshima University "Pursuit of Peace" and the long-term vision "Splendor Plan 2017". The SDGs sets sustainability as a core of the global issues. Such a broad issue always involves many related issues. Resolution of one issue may produce another issue. It is important to consider cross-disciplinary approach and hisotorical aspect. Also inclusiveness is an important principle of SDGs, and thus all countries, developed and developing countries, should collaborate to tackle these.

When considering these cross-disciplinary approach, historiy, and inclusiveness of development, Japanese experience of development provides an important case, becuase Japan, among non-European countries, is the first country which has become a member of OECD. Here, we can learn many points from the developing efforts whether they are success or failure. These efforts, including development assistance, are connected to Japanese society of today. On the other hand, Japan currently faces such new issues as rapid aging and depopulation. Thus this course discusses Japanese experience of human development from the above aspects.

#### Class Schedule

lesson1 Takuya Baba "Guidance of the course"

lesson2 Maharjan Keshav Lall "Japanese experience of development in Agriculture and Remote area"

lesson3 Koki Seki "Socio-cultural Aspect of Modernization of Japan: Focusing on the Transformation of Norm, Mentality, and Way of Living"

lesson4 Kinya Shimizu "A History of Education in Japan"

lesson5 Kinya Shimizu "Lesson Study in Japan: As a tool of PDSI in Japanese Education" lesson6 Junko Tanaka "International cooperation and research collaboration in the field of public health"

lesson7 Michiko Moriyama "Healthcare system in Japan: its characteristics and history" lesson8 Takuya Baba "Discussion"

### Text / Reference Books, etc.:

Edwin O. Reischauer (1964) "Japan: past and present"

Ruth Benedict (1954; 2010) "The chrysanthemum and the sword"

## Grading Method:

Mini report will be submitted every lesson. In addition contribution in each lesson and discussion will be evaluated.

Grading: Excellent: S or  $\geq$ 90, Superior: A or  $\geq$ 80, <90, Good: B or  $\geq$ 70, <80, Fair: C or  $\geq$ 60, <70, Fail: D or <60

Subject Name:	Subject Name in English:	Credits:	Instructor:	
SDGsへの学問的	Academic approach to	1	BABA Takuya, SANEOKA	
アプローチA	SDGs - A		Hirofumi, TANAKA Junko,	
			MORIYAMA Michiko,	
			RAHMAN MD MOSHIUR,	
			NAGATA Ryota, ISHIDA	
			Yoko, KUMAMOTO Mihoko	
		Lesson Style:	Teaching Style:	
		Lecture	Omnibus	

The common programmes for the master's course are established as a part of Hiroshima-model of liberal arts education. They go together with the undergraduate liberal arts courses, in line with the Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs), the international goals, as well as Hiroshima University's long-term vision, the Splendor Plan 2017. SDGs present the challenges of our period and society with the sustainability in its core. These challenges cannot be resolved independently, as they require inter-disciplinary continuity and temporal continuity. Moreover, their solution demands a new approach of the society in which not only donor countries and recipient countries, but also local government, private enterprises and civil society work together.

In this "Academic Approach to SDGs A" course, human rights are the focus. It is recommended to take "Academic Approach to SDGs B" as well. The goal of this course is to be able to analyze today's society from the perspectives of your own specialzied field and social sustainability, and to discuss the solution with experts in other fields.

Class Schedule (The number inside the parenthesis indicates the corresponding goal(s) among the 17 goals of SDGs.)

First Session: Course guidance, SDGs and poverty (1, 17)

Explain the background of SDGs as the international goals and discuss that poverty is located at the base of various problems toward attainment of the 17 goals. (BABA)

Second Session: Sustainable consumption and starvation (2, 12)

Considering food sustainability at the global level, there is a problem of imbalance distribution between the developed and the developing countries. Discuss sustainable production-consumption, nutrient improvement and so on. (SANEOKA)

Third Session: Public health and social medicine (3, 6)

Discuss on sustainable management and its problems from the perspectives of social medicine and public health for health maintenance including prevention of discesses.

Providing and securing safe water is essential for human health. (TANAKA)

Fourth Session: Health and welfare (3)

Discuss on such global health issues as primary health care, reproductive health, non-contageious descise and aging. (MORIYAMA, RAHMAN)

Fifth Session Education and soceity (4)

The border between the developed and developing countries is disappearing due to the rapid growth of information technology. Discuss the role of education for future society and its issues. (NAGATA)

Sixth Session: Gender and eugitable scoeity (5,10)

Discuss the issues such as gender equality, empowerment of women, and reduction of inequality across countries and within a country, and the close relation between sovling these issues and attainment of other golas of SDGs. (ISHIDA)

Seventh Session: Engagement by International organization (17)

Discuss the progress and issues of the engament by International Organizations, which are to promote attainment of SDGs. (KUMAMOTO)

Eighth Session: Overall discussion

Discuss based on previous sessions. (BABA)

Text / Reference Books, etc.:

Norichika Kanie, SDGs toha Nanika ? 2030 ni Muketa Henkaku no Agenda Norichika Kanie, Mirai wo Kaeru Mokuhyo SDGs Idea Book

Tanaka Haruhiko, SDGs to Kaihatsu Kyoiku: Jizoku Kanouna Kaihatsu Mokuhyou ta meno Manabi etc

Grading Method:

Total score (40 points) consists of Short report for each session (5points×7 session) and Participation in the discussion in the last session (5 points). Total score is multiplied by 2.5 and is converted to 100 points in total. The final evaluation is done according to the following criterion. Grading: Excellent: S or  $\geq$ 90, Superior: A or  $\geq$ 80, <90, Good: B or  $\geq$ 70, <80, Fair: C or  $\geq$ 60, <70, Fail: D or <60

Subject Name:	Subject Name in English:	Credits:	Instructor:
SDGsへの学問的	Academic approach to	1	KATAYANAGI Mari,
アプローチB	SDGs - B		HASEGAWA Yuji,
			SANO Koichiro, KAWAI
			Kenji, HIBINO
			Tadafumi, KOIKE
			Kazuhiko,
			KAWAMOTO Ryoji
		Lesson Style:	Teaching Style:
		Lecture	Omnibus

The common programmes for the master's course are established as a part of Hiroshima-model of liberal arts education. They go together with the undergraduate liberal arts courses, in line with the Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs), the international goals, as well as Hiroshima University's long-term vision, the Splendor Plan 2017. SDGs present the challenges of our period and society with the sustainability in its core. These challenges cannot be resolved independently, as they require inter-disciplinary continuity and temporarl continuity. Moreover, their solution demands a new approach of the society in which not only donor countries and recipient countries, but also local government, private enterprises and civil society work together. In this "Academic Approach to SDGs B" course, the focus will be on environment, society and governance. It is recommended to take "Academic Approach to SDGs A" as well.

### Class Schedule

1. Introduction of the course and peaceful society (Goal 16)

The process how SDGs were created will be explained, and we will discuss the ultimate goalof realizing the peaceful society. (Katayanagi)

2. Climate change and disaster prevention (Goal 13)

Discussion will be on disaster prevneion to reduce the influence of climate change which is increasingly significant, and emergency measures. (Hasegawa)

3. Energy and sustainable city (Goals 7 and 11)

We will discuss how we can ensure citizens' access to cheap, reliable and sustainable energy, circulate resources, and realize inclusive, resilient and sustainable environment. (Hibino)

4. Economic growth and employment (Goal 8)

Discussion will be on realization of employment for all and working environment which motivates workers, as well as the possibility and challenges of sustainable economic growth. (Sano)

5. Infrasturucture and industries (Goal 9)

Building of inclusive and resilient infrastructure, sustainable industrialization as well as possibility and challenges of innovation will be discussed. (Kawai)

6. Land resources and biological resources (Goals 14 and 15)

Lecture will be on dilemma between utilization of biological resources in agriculture, animal husbandry and fisheries industry, and preservation of ecological system. (Koike)

7. Efforts of local community (local government) (Goals 17 and 11)

Various efforts of a local government in Hiroshima Prefecture will be discussed from the aspect of SDGs. (Kawamoto)

8. Overall discussion

Based on the seven lectures above, SDGs will be discussed. (Katayanagi)

# Text / Reference Books, etc.:

Norichika Kanie, SDGs toha Nanika ? 2030 ni Muketa Henkaku no Agenda Norichika Kanie, Mirai wo Kaeru Mokuhyo SDGs Idea Book

Tanaka Haruhiko, SDGs to Kaihatsu Kyoiku: Jizoku Kanouna Kaihatsu Mokuhyou ta meno Manabi etc

### Grading Method:

Evaluation will be based on report on every lecture and the level of participation in discussion.

Subject Name:	Subject Name in English:	Credits:	Instructor:
ダイバーシティの	Understanding Diversity	1	Kitakaji Yoko,
理解	and Inclusion		Ooike Machiko,
			Sakurai Riho
			Sakata Kiriko
		Lesson Style:	Teaching Style:
		Lecture	Omnibus

The students are (1) to understand the idea of diversity and inclusion in terms of gender, sexuality, cultural background, and other factors in lectures, (2) to learn about challenges and solutions in real situations through workshops and (3) to envision how to build and live in a diverse and inclusive society.

### Class Schedule

Intensive two-day lectures on August 8th and 9th. The students are to take part in workshops, a half-day company visit, discussion, presentation

### Day 1

Lectures on diversity and inclusion in schools and workplaces (lesson 1 to 3) A workshop to understand diversity and inclusion (lesson 4)

### Day 2

Visiting a company focusing on diversity and inclusion (lesson 5 to 6)

Discussion and presentation (lesson 7 to 8)

Details of the company visit will be announced on the first day of class.

### Text / Reference Books, etc.:

various learning materials are to be delivered in class

# Grading Method:

Class performance and report

Subject Name: データリテラシー	Subject Name in English: Data Literacy	Credits:	Instructor: Yanagihara Hirokazu Miyao Junichi
		Lesson Style: Lecture	Teaching Style: Omnibus

Class Objectives / Class Outline

We study statistical inference and machine learning for the first step of data science

### Class Schedule

lesson1 (Statistical inference) Data reading

lesson2 (Statistical inference) Studying the shape of data distribution

lesson3 (Statistical inference) Data filing and searching

lesson4 (Statistical inference) Hypothesis testing

lesson5 (Machine learning) Features of big data, and its applications

lesson6 (Machine learning) Fundamentals of machine learning

lesson7 (Machine learning) Potential of machine learning

lesson8 (Machine learning) Notices and summary

Text / Reference Books, etc.:

Not specified

Grading Method:

Report

Grading: Excellent: S or  $\geq 90$ , Superior: A or  $\geq 80$ , <90, Good: B or  $\geq 70$ , <80, Fair: C or  $\geq 60$ ,

Subject Name:	Subject Name in	Credits:	Instructor:
医療情報リテラシー	English:	1	Tanaka Junko, Ozasa Koutarou,
	Data Literacy in		Arihiro Kouji, Oue Naohide, Awai
	Medicine		Kazuo, Kudo Yoshiki, Morino Hiroyuki,
			Kubo Tatsuhiko, Tanaka Go
		Lesson Style:	Teaching Style:
		Lecture	Omnibus

Class Objectives / Class Outline

To learn basic explanations about the knowledge required to process medical information, as well as information security, ethics, laws,etc.

### Class Schedule

lesson1 Classifications, outlines and ethics of large medical databases such as National Data Base (NDB)

lesson2 Classifications of image data in the medical field, ethical issues, usefulness of information

lesson3 How to handling and analysis the medical information in the view of the ethical aspect of epidemiological research in the medical field

lesson4 Overview of cancer genome information, ethical issues

lesson5 Medical research using large scale long-term information, the atomic bomb survivors cohort data

lesson6 How to establish standard clinical data set during emergencies

lesson7 Classifications of genomic information and ethical rules, merits, demerits and usefulness for research using genomic information

lesson8 Mechanism for sharing medical information using Hiroshima's original HM net (Hiroshima Medical Information Network)

### Text / Reference Books, etc.:

### Learning materials are to be delivered in class

# Grading Method:

Report assingments will be submitted every lesson. In addition contribution in each lesson will be evaluated.

Students who fail to attend at least two - thirds of the classes will not be eligible for grading. Grading: Excellent: S or  $\geq 90$ , Superior: A or  $\geq 80$ , <90, Good: B or  $\geq 70$ , <80, Fair: C or  $\geq 60$ , <70, Fail: D or <60

Subject Name:	Subject Name in English:	Credits:	Instructor:
人文社会系キャリ	Career Management -	2	Misu Toshiyuki
アマネジメント	Theory & Career	Lesson Style:	Teaching Style:
	Development	Lecture	Individual

Class Objectives / Class Outline

This course has three main objectives;

- 1. To discuss career theories
- 2. To get the information about yourself and society
- 3. To develop competency through seminar

### Class Schedule

lesson 1: Introduction to course

lesson 2: To be aware of self-identification and "up-to-coming manpower"

lesson 3: To be aware of "up-to-coming manpower"

lesson 4: Lecture; Summary of Career Theory

lesson 5: Student presentation & discuss the career theory 1

lesson 6: Logical writing 1

lesson7 : Logical writing 2

lesson 8: Student presentation & discuss the career theory 2

lesson 9: Communication

lesson 10: Presentation

lesson 11: Debate

lesson 12: Problem solving

lesson 13: Logical thinking

lesson 14: Designing your own career

lesson 15: Wrap up in class

# No exam.

Text / Reference Books, etc.:

# No textbook

### Grading Method:

Grading is determined by 1. Report (50%), 2. presentation (50%)

Grading: Excellent: S or  $\geq 90$ , Superior: A or  $\geq 80$ , <90, Good: B or  $\geq 70$ , <80, Fair: C or  $\geq 60$ , <70,

Subject Name:	Subject Name in English:	Credits:	Instructor:
理工系キャリアマ	Career Management for	2	Harada Jun
ネジメント	Engineer	Lesson Style:	Teaching Style:
		Lecture	Individual

Class Objectives / Class Outline

Basic communication skills, Basic presentation sukills, Basic active listening skills, Basic facili tation skills

Class Schedule

lesson1 Orientation

lesson2 Basic communication skills

lesson3 Practice(communication)

lesson4 Practice(communication)

lesson5 How to write research summary

lesson6 Basic presentatin skills

lesson7 Practice(presentation)

lesson8 Active listening skills

lesson9 Practice(active listening)

lesson10 Practice(active listening)

lesson11 Facilitation skills

lesson12 Practice(orientation)

lesson13 Practice(discussion)

lesson14 Practice(discussion)

lesson15 Summary

Text / Reference Books, etc.:

Non

Distrivution of PPT resume

Grading Method:

Fruitful attitude for the class(50%), Report(50%)

Grading: Excellent: S or  $\geq 90$ , Superior: A or  $\geq 80$ , <90, Good: B or  $\geq 70$ , <80, Fair: C or  $\geq 60$ , <70,

Subject Name:	Subject Name in English:	Credits:	Instructor:
ストレスマネジメント	Stress Management	2	Harada Jun
		Lesson Style:	Teaching Style:
		Lecture	Individual

Class Objectives / Class Outline

Today, we experience significant amount of psychological and social stress everywhere. There are various factors that cause stress, including pressure from work, human relationships, and an overcrowded or busy social environment. Handling stress inappropriately can negatively affect mental/physical health and interpersonal relationships, thereby reducing the productivity of the individual and/or organization. Therefore, it is important to handle stress appropriately in order to successfully work in a company or thrive in society. In this lecture, I will explain stress and its effects, introduce ways of recognizing it, and discuss specific coping techniques for handling stress.

Class Schedule:

lesson1 Orientation

lesson2 Stress and stress response

lesson3 Beneficial stress and harm stress

lesson4 Characteristics of the psychological and social stress

lesson5 The goal of stress management

lesson6 Overcoming feelings of conflict that love-hate

lesson7 Resilience

lesson8 Action methods for stress management

lesson9 Mindfulness

lesson10 Solution to anxiety

lesson11 Meditation

lesson12 Rewriting of the negative storage

lesson13 Release from the obsession

lesson14 Stress in work

lesson15 Summary

Text / Reference Books, etc.:

"Stress and stress management"

Grading Method:

Fruitful attitude for the class(50%), Reoprt(50%)

Grading: Excellent: S or  $\geq 90$ , Superior: A or  $\geq 80$ , < 90, Good: B or  $\geq 70$ , < 80, Fair: C or  $\geq 60$ , < 70,

Subject Name:	Subject Name in English:	Credits:	Instructor:
MOT 入門	Introduction to MOT	1	Ito Takao
		Lesson Style:	Teaching Style:
		Lecture	Individual

# Class Objectives / Class Outline

This course introduces students the management process within an organization. The primary objective of this course is to familiarize the students with knowledge roles, corporate responsibilities, managerial functions and skills required of effective modern managers. Topics covered include: efficiency and effectiveness, evolution of the management, framework of management systems, cost-benefit analysis, ethics, quality control, stock control, organization structure, technological strategy, motivation, leadership, business plan, and venture business.

### Class Schedule

- 1 Outlines and Introduction
- 2 Key Issues in Corporate Management
- 3 Break-Even Point Analysis
- 4 Psychological Issues and Motivation
- 5 Kaizen and Quality Control
- 6 JIT and Stock Control
- 7 Corporate Strategy Building
- 8 Summary

Final Examination

### Presentation and/or Final Examination is required as scheduled

#### Text / Reference Books, etc.:

1) Tidd J. and Bessant J. (2013), Managing Innovation, 5th Edition, Chichester: Wiley.

2)Burgelman R. A., Christensen C. M. and Wheelwright S. C. (2009), Strategic Management of Technology and Innovation, 5th Edition, New York: McGraw-Hill.

3)Takao Ito (2002) Information and Network Organization, Hakuto-Shobo Publishing Company

# Grading Method:

Learning Attitude 25%+Reports 30%+Final examination or Presentation 45%

Grading: Excellent: S or  $\geq 90$ , Superior: A or  $\geq 80$ , < 90, Good: B or  $\geq 70$ , < 80, Fair: C or  $\geq 60$ , < 70,

Subject Name:	Subject Name in English:	Credits:	Instructor:
アントレプレナー	Entrepreneurship	1	Makino Emi
シップ概論		Lesson Style:	Teaching Style:
		Lecture	Individual

### Class Objectives / Class Outline

In Japan, the word "entrepreneurship" is often translated as "entrepreneurial spirit." In this course, entrepreneurship is defined as a practice that can be learned and indeed, practiced, as opposed to something mystical. Over the past few decades, management research has made great progress towards our understanding of entrepreneurship as a practice. In this course, students are introduced to the decision-making logic preferred by expert entrepreneurs called effectuation. In-class exercises and case analyses will help students understand the method so that they can consider how entrepreneurship applies to them. Students learn the scientific method even if they will not become scientists. Similarly, learning about entrepreneurship will likely be useful for all students, not just those wanting to become entrepreneurs. At the end of the course, students will visualize their desired careers and futures, and consider how they can apply the entrepreneurial to realize those aspirations.

### Text / Reference Books, etc.:

- Class 1 Orientation / Transformation to a Knowledge Society
- Class 2 Risk and uncertainty
- Class 3 Entrepreneurial Process 1
- Class 4 Entrepreneurial Process 2
- Class 5 Entrepreneurial Thinking and Action 1
- Class 6 Entrepreneurial Thinking and Action 2
- Class 7 Strengths and passion
- Class 8 Exercise using Lego<sup>TM</sup> bricks / Final reflection

Quiz

#### Text / Reference Books, etc.:

Kander, Diana. All in Startup: Launching a New Idea When Everything is on the Line. Wiley, 2014.

## Other references will be announced in class

# Grading Method:

This course is heavily action learning oriented, and therefore, active participation in group work and other class activities is a must. Some assignments cannot be completed if students are absent from class.

Grading Criteria: Contribution 40%, Assignments 40%, Quiz 20%

Subject Name:	Subject Name in English:	Credits:	Instructor:
MOT とベンチャー	MOT and Venture	1	Ito Takao
ビジネス論	Business	Lesson Style:	Teaching Style:
		Lecture	Individual

This course introduces students the management process within an organization. The primary objective of this course is to familiarize the students with knowledge roles, corporate responsibilities, managerial functions and skills required of effective modern managers. Topics covered include: efficiency and effectiveness, evolution of the management, framework of management systems, cost-benefit analysis, ethics, quality control, stock control, organization structure, technological strategy, motivation, leadership, business plan, and venture business.

### Class Schedule

- 1 Outlines and Introduction
- 2 Key Issues in Corporate Management
- 3 Break-Even Point Analysis
- 4 Psychological Issues and Motivation
- 5 Design of Corporate Structure
- 6 Corporate Strategy Building
- 7 Business Plan
- 8 Summary

Final Examination

# Presentation and/or Final Examination is required as scheduled

Text / Reference Books, etc.:

- 1) Tidd J. and Bessant J. (2013), Managing Innovation, 5th Edition, Chichester: Wiley.
- 2) Burgelman R. A., Christensen C. M. and Wheelwright S. C. (2009), Strategic Management of Technology and Innovation, 5th Edition, New York: McGraw-Hill.
- 3) Takao Ito (2002) Information and Network Organization, Hakuto-Shobo Publishing Company

# Grading Method:

Learning attitudes25%+ Report 30%+ Final Examination45%

Subject Name:	Subject Name in English:	Credits:	Instructor:
技術移転論	Technology Transfer	1	Ito Takao
		Lesson Style:	Teaching Style:
		Lecture	Individual

This course presents the principles of technology transfer, and introduces successful determinants of technology transfer. All important issues including foreign direct investment, managerial resources, patent, entrepreneurship, localization strategy will be explained using cases of construction machines, and printing industry.

### Class Schedule

- Topic 1 Outlines and Introduction
- Topic 2 Technology and Management
- Topic 3 Technology Transfer and Intellectual property
- Topic 4 Marketing Strategy for Technology Transfer
- Topic 5 Localization Strategy and Manufacturing Technology Transfer
- Topic 6 Case Study: Shipbuilding
- Topic 7 A Comparative Study on Japanese Firm in Indonesia
- Topic 8 Summary

Presentation and/or Final Examination is required as scheduled

### Text / Reference Books, etc.:

- 1)J. Morrison (2002) The Global Business Environment, 3rd Edition, Palgrave Macmillan.
- 2)A. Grubler (1998)Technology and Global Change, Cambridge University Press.

### Grading Method:

Learning attitudes25%+ Report 30%+ Final Examination45%

Grading: Excellent: S or  $\geq 90$ , Superior: A or  $\geq 80$ , <90, Good: B or  $\geq 70$ , <80, Fair: C or  $\geq 60$ , <70,

Subject Name:	Subject Name in English:	Credits:	Instructor:
技術移転演習	PBL for Technology	1	Toru Takashina
	Transfer	Lesson Style:	Teaching Style:

This course is focusing on "Technology Transfer including not only the conventional methods for the technology transfer but also the wide varieties of the technology transfer activities", in particular, "Technology Transfer for Enhancement of International Japanese-styles Manufacturing" and is based on Practice Based Learning (PBL). In this course, the presentations and discussions regarding the overseas internship done by the students are very much emphasized, therefore, the students can share the cross cultural experience of the international internship (Internship in Japan for international students, Overseas internship for Japanese students) and obtain the international understandings for the technology transfer.

### Class Schedule

Lessoon1 Guidance

Lessoon2 Presentation by the students of the international collaboration research program and discussion (1)

Lessoon3 Presentation by the students of the international collaboration research program and discussion (2)

Lessoon4 Presentation by the students of the international collaboration research program and discussion (3)

Lessoon5 Presentation by the students of the international collaboration research program and discussion (4)

Lessoon6 Presentation by the ECBO students and discussion (1)

Lessoon 7 Presentation by the ECBO students and discussion (2)

Lessoon8 Presentation by the ECBO students and discussion (3)

Lessoon9 Presentation by the ECBO students and discussion (4)

Lessoon 10 Presentation by the international students and discussion (1)

Lessoon11 Presentation by the international students and discussion (2)

Lessoon 12 Presentation by the international students and discussion (3)

Lessoon 13 Presentation by the other students and discussion (1)

Lessoon14 Presentation by the other students and discussion (2)

## Lessoon15 Wrap-up discussion

Text / Reference Books, etc.:

None

Grading Method:

Presentation (50%), Discussion (50%)

Grading: Excellent: S or  $\geq 90$ , Superior: A or  $\geq 80$ , < 90, Good: B or  $\geq 70$ , < 80, Fair: C or  $\geq 60$ ,

Subject Name:	Subject Name in English:	Credits:	Instructor:
データビジュアラ	Data Visualization A	1	Kawada Keisuke
イゼーションA		Lesson Style:	Teaching Style:
		Lecture	Individual

The lecture discusses how to visualize social data from concept to computer implementation. In the class, students first learn the basic statistical concepts and drawing methods necessary to intuitively understand the characteristics of data. In parallel, the students also learn how to implement using R, which is free statistical software, in a practical form. These methods are widely recognized as an extremely useful tool for visualizing the characteristics of data that cannot be measured by traditional statistics such as mean and variance as the scale of data increases. The objectives of this lecture are (1) understanding the drawing method of drawing data together with basic statistical concepts, and (2) actually drawing with R.

Class Schedule

Class 1 Guidance

Class 2 Distribution, density and mean, variance and quantile 1

Class 3 Distribution, density and mean, variance and quantile 2

Class 4 Relation between variables 1

Class 5 Relation between variables 2

Class 6 Comparison between groups 1

Class 7 Comparison between groups 1

Class 8 Summary

Text / Reference Books, etc.:

Imai, K. (2018). Quantitative social science: An introduction. Princeton University Press.

# Grading Method:

Evaluation is made by contribution to the class, class reports and final report:

#### Criteria:

- Understanding fundamental statistical concepts necessary for graphical presentations
- Ability to make graphical presentations with R.

Grading: Excellent: S or  $\geq 90$ , Superior: A or  $\geq 80$ , <90, Good: B or  $\geq 70$ , <80, Fair: C or  $\geq 60$ ,

Subject Name:	Subject Name in English:	Credits:	Instructor:
データビジュアラ	Data Visualization B	1	Kawada Keisuke
イゼーション B		Lesson Style:	Teaching Style:
		Lecture	Individual

The lecture discusses how to visualize social data, from concept to computer implementation. In this lecture, after learning about the prediction method using data and the method of causal reasoning, we discuss the visualization method. Furthermore, students learn not only numerical data but also how to handle text data. At the same time, students also learn how to use R, which is free statistical software, in a practical form.

The goals of this lecture are (1) understanding the basic concepts of prediction and causal reasoning, (2) understanding how to visualize results using R, and (3) understanding how to visualize character data.

Class Schedule

Class 1 Guidance

Class 2 Prediction with data and visualization 1

Class 3 Prediction with data and visualization 2

Class 4 Causal inference with data and visualization 1

Class 5 Causal inference with data and visualization 2

Class 6 Documentation of text data 1

Class 7 Documentation of text data 2

Class 8 Summary

Text / Reference Books, etc.:

Imai, K. (2018). Quantitative social science: An introduction. Princeton University Press.

### Grading Method:

Evaluation is made by contribution to the class, class reports and final report:

# Criteria:

- Understanding fundamental statistical concepts necessary for causal inference, prediction, and text analysis
- Ability to make graphical presentations with R.

Grading: Excellent: S or  $\geq 90$ , Superior: A or  $\geq 80$ , <90, Good: B or  $\geq 70$ , <80, Fair: C or  $\geq 60$ ,

Subject Name:	Subject Name in English:	Credits:	Instructor:
環境原論A	Principles of Environment	1	Kusuda Tetsuya
	A	Lesson Style:	Teaching Style:
		Lecture	Individual

Through understanding of nature of current environmental issues, it acquires the ability to comprehend fundamental elements causes of environmental elements and their interrelationships. With the ability, students further develop intellectual foundation and comprehensive usage skill for solving not only currently serious environmental problems but also addressing signals that would potentially become extremely serious problems in the future.

### Class Schedule

Class 1 Nature of environmental issues

Class 2 Structure and elements of the environment

Class 3 Interrelationship of the environmental elements: human and technology

Class 4 Interrelationship of the environmental elements: economy and nature

Class 5 Interrelationship of the environmental elements: economy and society

Class 6 Interrelationship of the environmental elements: religion and view of nature

Class 7 Interrelationship of the environmental elements: local system and global system

Class 8 Summary

### Text / Reference Books, etc.:

Holdouts and additional materials provided in digital files via cloud system.

Textbooks and references are given in the lecture.

### Grading Method:

Evaluations is made by class reports (40%) and final examination (60%)

Grading: Excellent: S or  $\geq 90$ , Superior: A or  $\geq 80$ , <90, Good: B or  $\geq 70$ , <80, Fair: C or  $\geq 60$ ,

Subject Name:	Subject Name in English:	Credits:	Instructor:
環境原論 B	Principles of Environment B	1	Kusuda Tetsuya
		Lesson Style:	Teaching Style:
		Lecture	Individual

The main environmental issues to be solved from now to the future are for a sustainable society. This is not a problem that has already become apparent, but it may be a major problem in the future. The aim of the lecture is to learn the methodological framework that makes it possible to globally apply respective methods related to individuals, policy, economy, society, and technology for setting and achieving the goals required to solve this problem.

### Class Schedule

Class 1 What is sustainable society?

Class 2 Conditions for sustainable society

Class 3 Avoidance of collapse of sustainable society

Class 4 Intergenerational ethics and social capital

Class 5 Technology and strong sustainability

Class 6 Information sharing and usage

Class 7 Methodology for decision making and governance

Class 8 Summary

### Text / Reference Books, etc.:

Holdouts and additional materials provided in digital files via cloud system.

Textbooks and references are given in the lecture.

### Grading Method:

Evaluations is made by class reports (40%) and final examination (60%)

Grading: Excellent: S or  $\geq 90$ , Superior: A or  $\geq 80$ , <90, Good: B or  $\geq 70$ , <80, Fair: C or  $\geq 60$ ,

Subject Name: リサーチメソッド		Credits: 2	Instructor: ISLAM MOINUL
	Research Method	Lesson Style: Lecture	Teaching Style: Individual

The course introduces the language of research, ethical principles and challenges, and the elements of the research process within quantitative, qualitative, and mixed methods approaches. Topics to be covered in detail include sampling, surveying, interviewing, case study analysis, focus groups, interviewing and analyzing and presenting data.

At the end of this course, students should be able to define research; explain and apply research terms; describe the research process and the principle activities, skills and ethics associated with the research process. Students should be able to assess and critique a published journal article that uses one of the primary research methods in the field. They can construct an effective questionnaire that employs several types of survey questions. Finally, they can construct an effective research proposal.

# Class Schedule

1st Course overview: what is research?

2nd Literature reviews and data base searches

3rd Formative writing task

4th Research ethics

5th Theoretical approaches

6th Midterm presentation

7th Qualitative methods

8th Quantitative methods 1

9th Quantitative methods 2

10th Research analysis

11th Journal work

12th How to write up a research project

13th Verbal presentations on research proposals

14th Presentation of journal paper 1(Final Presentation)

15th Presentation of journal paper (2) (Final Presentation)

## Text / Reference Books, etc.:

- 1. Cargill, M., & O'Connor, P. (2013). Writing scientific research articles: Strategy and steps. John Wiley & Sons.
- 2. Ethridge, D. (2004). Research methodology in applied economics: organizing, planning, and conducting economic research. Blackwell publishing.
- 3. Kothari, C. R. (2004). Research methodology: Methods and techniques. New Age International.

### Grading Method:

Evaluation is mad by (1) In class quiz (50%), Mid-term presentation (20%) and Final presentation (30%). Grading: Excellent: S or  $\geq 90$ , Superior: A or  $\geq 80$ , <90, Good: B or  $\geq 70$ , <80, Fair: C or  $\geq 60$ , <70, Fail: D or <60

Subject Name:	Subject Name in English:	Credits:	Instructor:
持続可能な発展論	Introduction to Sustainable	2	Kaneko Shinji
基礎	Development	Lesson Style:	Teaching Style:
		Lecture	Individual

The lecture follows the book by Jeffrey D. Sachs, The Age of Sustainable Development, as a commonly designated textbook by the Joint International Master's Degree Program in Sustainable Development, and students comprehensively learn fundamental knowledge and arguments related to sustainable development and develop the ability to discuss with various viewpoints on important developments of the concepts of sustainable development.

### Class Schedule

Class 1 Introduction to sustainable development

Class 2 An unequal world

Class 3 A brief history of economic development

Class 4 Why some countries developed while others stayed poor

Class 5 Ending extreme poverty

Class 6 Planetary boundaries

Class 7 Social inclusion

Class 8 Education for all

Class 9 Health for all

Class 10 Food security

Class 11 Resilient cities

Class 12 Climate Change

Class 13 Saving biodiversity and protecting ecosystem services

Class 14 Sustainable development goals

Class 15 Summary

Final examination

# Text / Reference Books, etc.:

Jeffrey D. Sachs (2015): The Age of Sustainable Development, Columbia University Press

### Grading Method:

Evaluations is made by mid-term examination, final examination and contribution to the

Subject Name:	Subject Name in English:	Credits:	Instructor:
Regional and Urban	Regional and Urban	2	Zhang Junyi
Engineering	Engineering	Lesson Style:	Teaching Style:
		Lecture	Individual

This subject allows students to learn urban planning theories and strategies, the life-oriented approach, analysis and evaluation methods for forming desirable regions and cities, consensus building and citizen participation and so on, via lecture and practice (including reading assignment). Students will further learn how to make use of the methodologies learnt by investigating and presenting regional and urban issues in developed and developing countries, and writing a report on proposals for resolving actual regional and urban issues.

Through the above tasks, students will be trained to become a regional and urban planning expert with the following abilities to identify and analyze issues.

- 1. To foster an issue-constructing ability for resolving regional and urban issues, by understanding the generation mechanisms of regional and urban issues and planning process.
- 2. To foster an issue-constructing ability for finding and recognizing major issues and collecting necessary information by understanding design methods of life-oriented behavioral surveys.
- 3. To foster an issue-analyzing ability for evaluating policy effects and predicting demands for regional and urban planning by understanding basic concepts of the life-oriented approach.
- 4. To foster an issue-analyzing ability for evaluating multiple planning options based on integrated regional and urban models and policy evaluation theories.

#### Class Schedule

1st class: Lecture on regional/urban problems and their impacts in developed and developing countries

2<sup>nd</sup> class: Lecture on national/regional/urban planning and population migration

3rd class: Lecture on urban planning theories and sustainable urban forms

4th class: Lecture on basics of the life-oriented approach

5th-6th class: Practice by students (select one region/city, investigate and present its development issues)

7th—8th class: Practice by students (reading assignment of up-to-date literature)

9th-10th class: Lecture on survey and modeling methods of the life-oriented approach

11th-12th class: Practice by students (to learn various urban analysis methods)

13th class: Lecture on integrated regional and urban models and policy evaluation theories

14th class: Lecture on best-of-practice of regional and urban planning

15th\_16th class: Term Presentation (present the contents of term reports)

# Text / Reference Books, etc.:

To distribute lecture PDF files

## Major Reading Lists:

- [1] 20th-Century Sprawl: Highways and the Reshaping of the American Landscape, Oxford University Press; Gutfreund O.D. (2004)
- [2] Cities of Tomorrow, Blackwell Publishing; Hall P. (2002)
- [3] Creating Walkable Places: Compact Mixed0use Solutions, Urban Land Institute (2006)
- [4] Community Disaster Recovery and Resiliency, CRC Press, Taylor & Francis Group; Miller D.S. and Rivera J.D. (2011)
- [5] Cost-Benefit Analysis and the Environment, Nick Hanley and Clive L. Spash (2003), Edward Elgar.
- [6] Guidelines for Developing Urban Transport Strategies, Institute of Highways & Transportation (1996), Stephen Austin, Hertford.
- [7] Life-Oriented Behavioral Research for Urban Policy, Springe; Zhang J. (2017)
- [8] Planning and Urban Design Standards, American Planning Association (2006), John Wiley & Sons
- [9] Planning the Good Community: New Urbanism in Theory and Practice, Jill Grant (2006), Routledge.
- [10] Public Place, Cambridge University Press; Carr S., Francis M., Rivlin L.G., and Stone A.M. (1992)
- [11] Readings in Urban Theory, Wiley-Blackwell; Fainstein, S.S. and Campbell, S. (2011)
- [12] Routledge Handbook of Transport in Asia; Zhang, J. & Feng, C.-M. (2018)
- [13] Shopping Center Development Handbook, Urban Land Institute (2006)
- [14] The Oxford Handbook of Megaproject Management, Oxford University Press; Bent Flyvbjerg (2017)
- [15] The Sustainable Urban Development Reader, Routledge; Wheeler S.D. and Beatley T. (2004)
- [16] The Behavioral Foundations of Public Policy, Princeton University Press; Elder Shafir (2013)
- [17] Transport and Energy Research: A Behavioral Perspective, Elsevier; Zhang, J. (2019)
- [18] Urban Transit Operations, Planning, and Economics, John Wiley & Son; Vukan R. Vuchic (2005)

## Grading Method:

- Final term report (55%), Practice report (15%), Presentation (15%), Test per class (15%)
- S (Excellent) [90, 100], A (Superior) [80, 90), B (Good) [70, 80), C (Fair) [60, 70), D (Fail) (60, 0]

Subject Name:	Subject Name in English:	Credits:	Instructor:
Fundamentals of	Fundamentals of Survey	2	Chikaraishi Makoto
Survey	Methodology	Lesson Style:	Teaching Style:
Methodology		Lecture	Individual

This is an introductory course of survey methodology, including data collection techniques, survey design, post-processing of data, and basic data analysis techniques. Concretely, students will acquire knowledge and skills on missing data handling methods, stated preference survey methods, contingent valuation methods, sampling design, and program evaluation methods, together with the understanding of types of errors in surveys systematically. A survey trial and the analysis of collected survey data will be followed to develop the ability to implement knowledge and skills learned through this subject.

By taking this subject, students will develop the basic skills necessary for conducting research, in particular:

- 1. Acquire specialized knowledge to construct appropriate questionnaire items for hypothesis testing through understanding of survey design methods.
- 2. Acquire specialized knowledge to choose appropriate survey and analysis methods to obtain unbiased statistical inference on target population.
- 3. To develop the ability to find and solve problems through survey trial, the analysis of collected data, and presentation of the results.

### Class Schedule

- 1 Introduction
- 2 Types of errors in surveys
- 3 Data collection methods
- 4 Stated choice experiment
- 5 Contingent valuation method
- 6 Target population, sampling frame, and sampling (1)
- 7 Target population, sampling frame, and sampling (2)
- 8 Nonresponse issue (1)
- 9 Nonresponse issue (2)
- 10 Survey trial (1)
- 11 Survey trial (2)
- 12 Program evaluation methods (1)
- 13 Program evaluation methods (2)
- 14 Final presentation (1)

# 15 Final presentation (2)

# Text / Reference Books, etc.:

Handouts will be distributed.

- 1. Groves, R. M., Fowler, F. J., Couper, M. P., Lepkowski, J. M., Singer, E., Tourangeau, R. (2004) Survey Methodology, John Wiley & Sons.
- 2. Fowler, F. (2013) Survey Research Methods, Sage Publications.

# Grading Method:

Grade will be evaluated by the following criteria:

50% --- Small exam (or homework) given in every lecture

50% — Final presentation and report

Grading: Excellent: S or  $\geq 90$ , Superior: A or  $\geq 80$ , <90, Good: B or  $\geq 70$ , <80, Fair: C or  $\geq 60$ ,

Subject Name:	Subject Name in English:	Credits:	Instructor:
Numerical	Numerical Environmental	2	Lee Hansoo
Environmental Impact	Impact Assessment I	Lesson Style:	Teaching Style:
Assessment I		Lecture	Individual

Learn about environmental impact assessment (air pollution, water quality problem, circulation of a reservoir) using numerical models and numerical calculations necessary to find countermeasures for disaster problems (storm surge and waves due to tropical cyclones, tsunami due to underwater earthquake, flood and inundation due to heavy rainfall, and so on). In the class, we will introduce basic theories such as differential equations, boundary value problems, finite differences, and continuity equation that are fundamental to fluid flow, and momentum equations, and practice weather prediction using numerical models.

As a result, students will learn the basic principles and ability of environmental impact assessment technology and disaster prevention / mitigation technology by numerical calculation. In particular,

- 1. Develop problem understanding ability to fundamentally solve a given problem by understanding processes related to environmental problems and disasters.
- 2. Develop the problem structure by acquiring the basic knowledge necessary for reproducing and predicting environmental problems and disasters, and the necessary numerical models.
- 3. Cultivate the task execution ability by acquiring the computing ability to utilize the numerical model.

# Text / Reference Books, etc.:

- 1. Introduction of numerical environmental impact assessment
- 2-3. Differential equations and boundary value problems
- 4. flow
- 5-6. Continuity equation and the equation of momentum
- 7. Introduction of numerical model
- 8-9. Linux environment and shell script
- 10-12. Numerical weather prediction
- 13-14. Practice of numerical weather prediction: Tropical cyclone modelling
- 15. Summary

### Text / Reference Books, etc.:

### Distributing PPT materials for each lecture

### Grading Method:

Presentation of modelling result (30%), participation (30%), report (40%) → total score will be evaluated based on the following criteria.

Subject Name:	Subject Name in English:	Credits:	Instructor:
Geographic	Geographic Information	2	Zhang Runsen
Information System	System Technology	Lesson Style:	Teaching Style:
Technology		Lecture	Individual

In order to learn the methodology for spatial information processing and analysis in the field of urban and transport planning, environment, energy, agriculture, disaster prevention, etc., this course introduces the concepts and components of a geographic information system (GIS). It also teaches the essential skills of operating a functional GIS through introducing a few selected cases of GIS application in different disciplines. Expected learning outcomes are as follows: (1) to understand spatial data properties and structure; (2) to learn basic knowledges of GIS; (3) to learn how to process the spatial information by employing GIS; and (4) to acquire skills in spatial data modelling using GIS.

### Class Schedule

Lesson 1: Introduction

Lesson 2: Basics of spatial data and GIS

Lesson 3: Introduction to GIS: Creation of thematic maps

Lesson 4: Spatial search

Lesson 5: Vector analysis 1

Lesson 6: Vector analysis 2

Lesson 7: Raster analysis 1

Lesson 8: Raster analysis 2

Lesson 9: Model builder (handling big spatial data)

Lesson 10: Spatial data compilation

Lesson 11: Network model analysis

Lesson 12: Spatial statistics/spatial interpolation

Lesson 13: 3D Analyst

Lesson 14: Case study

Lesson 15: Summary

Text / Reference Books, etc.:

Basic materials for the course will be distributed by the lecturer when required.

# Grading Method:

Final score will be evaluated based on the report (70%), and small quiz for each lecture (30%).

Grading: Excellent: S or  $\geq 90$ , Superior: A or  $\geq 80$ , <90, Good: B or  $\geq 70$ , <80, Fair: C or  $\geq 60$ ,

Subject Name:	Instructor:	
Basics in Economic Sciences	Gawel, Eric	
	Schnabl, Gunther	
	Dornberger, Utz	
Credits:	Lesson Style:	Teaching Style:
5, (10ECTS)	Lecture	Omnibus

The subject contributes to creating a common level of knowledge in the field of economic sciences with regard to sustainability. Due to the non-consecutive and interdisciplinary character of the program, the alignment of knowledge standards is of particular importance.

The lecture "Sustainable Economics" introduces the basic concepts of micro and macroeconomics (market equilibrium, consumer preferences, theory of the firm, and economic policy objectives) while focusing on the effects of economic activities on sustainability (externalities, common and public goods, path dependency etc.).

The lecture "International Finance" covers exchange rate theory, international financial markets, and foreign exchange policy. Macroeconomic models (in particular the IS-LM model) are presented together with their implications for state intervention in the short and medium-term.

The seminar "Promotion of Small and Medium-Sized Enterprises" presents the current scientific discussion over concepts for the promotion of SMEs, with a focus on the integration of SMEs into the global value chain (GVC) and the internationalization of SMEs.

The objectives of the course are as follows.

Students are familiar with the fundamental schools of thought and theories in micro and macroeconomics, and can take into account actors' economic rationality and their interdependence, as well as the impacts of economic policies when analyzing sustainability issues, or when working out proposals for solutions. Students are able to reflect on sustainability issues, in particular the use of environmental resources, with the help of economic concepts such as resource scarcity, utility and profit maximization, and economic growth or welfare. They can analyze international financial markets and foreign exchange policies, and anticipate the impacts of economic policies. In addition, they can critically deal with the current concepts and strategies for the promotion of small and medium-sized enterprises (SMEs) and reflect on their feasibility.

# Subject of Components:

Sustainable Economics (2 hours/week)

International Finance (2 hours/week)

Value Chain Management / Internationalization of SMEs (2 hours/week)

### Grading Method:

Written exam

Five Grade Evaluation: [Sehr gut], [Gut], [Befriedigend], [Ausreichend], [Mangelhaft]

Subject Name: Basics in Social Sciences – International	Instructor: Engel, Ulf	
Studies	Rietdorf, Ute	
Credits: 5, (10ECTS)	Lesson Style: Lecture, Seminar	Teaching Style: Omnibus

This lecture gives an introduction into the fields of global studies and international studies. At the beginning an overview on the study of traditional globalisation research as it has developed in the social sciences is given. Then three alternative perspectives are introduced that allow to decentre this conventional wisdom: critical area studies, post-colonial reasoning as well as new political geography. The potential of these perspectives is then discussed with a view to cases studies, including the rise of the so-called BRICS (Brazil, Russia, India, China and South Africa) — with an emphasis on the role of China in Africa —, global climate change politics, the fracturing of the Arab world, etc.

# Subject of Components:

International Studies (Lecture) (2 hours/week)

International Studies (Exercise) (2 hours/week)

Development Economics (Seminar) (2hours/week)

#### Grading Method:

Five Grade Evaluation: [Sehr gut], [Gut], [Befriedigend], [Ausreichend], [Mangelhaft]

Subject Name:	Instructor:	
Basics in Sustainable Development	Bruckner, Thomas	
	Nissen, Sylke	
	Holländer, Robert	
	Klauer, Bernd	
Credits:	Lesson Style:	Teaching Style:
5, (10ECTS)	Lecture, Seminar	Omnibus

The course presents basics aspects of sustainability and their implications for global climate protection as well as for the corporate business and socio-urban context. At the same time methodologies form social sciences, from the model-based integrated assessment and from the corporate sustainability management will be provided.

Model-based Integrated Assessments (IA) attempt to provide a coherent mathematical framework for analyzing the complex cause-effect relationships that connect socio-economic activity and climate impacts. The course presents core elements and various application schemes.

Problems and tasks of human behaviour can be well examined by example of spatially confined areas of cities. The seminar presents an overview of urban studies and developments, of specific topics like segregation and suburbanisation and recent trends in city management. In this context sustainability aspects will be dealt with in socially as well as politically set urban environments. Sustainability in the private sector can be referred to as safeguarding societal and material resources. The course gives an overview of sustainability aspects in the corporate business environment, of basic principles, management instruments and mechanisms, environmental impacts and important supranational and national laws and regulations.

# Subject of Components:

Integrated Assessment of global Climate Protection Strategies (2 hours/week)

Urban Geography, Sociology and Governance (2 hours/week)

Sustainability and Corporate Environmental Management / Theories of Sustainability (2 hours/week)

### Grading Method:

Written exam (50%)

Seminar paper (50%)

Five Grade Evaluation: [Sehr gut], [Gut], [Befriedigend], [Ausreichend], [Mangelhaft]

Subject Name:	Subject Name in	Credits:	Instructor:
Environmental	English:	2	Lee Hansoo, Fujiwara Akimasa, Zhang
Management	Environmental		Junyi, Kubota Tetsu, Chikaraishi Makoto,
	Management		Tran Dang Xuan, Hosaka Tetsuro
		Lesson Style:	Teaching Style:
		Lecture	Omnibus

In developing countries, economic development and environmental protections are inevitable themes to be tackled together in addition to increasing risks to natural hazards. In this lecture,

This lecture systematically introduces Japan's environmental development experience with the aim of providing practical knowledge that contributes to the realization of environmentally sustainable development in developing countries. Specifically, based on the historical transition of Japan's development and environmental issues, the Japanese development and modernization will be introduced in four areas: "city and transportation", "energy", "risk management" and "biological production". As a result, students will acquire the abilities for problem understanding, problem composition, and problem solving in four fields in a given environment. In particular,

- 1. To develop multi-disciplinary and interdisciplinary problem analysis ability for various problems in four fields.
- 2. To develop problem-solving ability that can provide appropriate technologies and proposals in line with the found problems.
- 3. To develop problem-solving skills that can be used to propose sustainable development strategies to solve problems in developing countries.
- 4. Develop communication skills by proposing problem-solving solutions in cooperation with members from different fields.

# Class Schedule

- 1. Japan's economic growth and development technology (Lee)
- 2. Reconstruction process of Hiroshima City (Fujiwara)
- 3. Historical evolution of development technology: I) Transportation infrastructure development (Fujiwara)
- 4. Historical evolution of development technology: II)National, regional and urban development (Zhang)
- 5. Group discussion I (Lee)
- 6. Historical evolution of development technology: III) Architectural development (Kubota)
- 7. Historical evolution of development technology: IV) Natural hazard and disaster prevention (Lee)
- 8. Group work interim presentation (Lee)

- 9. Historical evolution of development technology: V) Environmental risk (Chikaraishi)
- 10. Historical evolution of development technology: VI) Environmental assessment of ecosystem and establishment of sustainable agriculture (TRAN DANG XUAN)
- 11. Group discussion II (Lee)
- 12. Historical evolution of development technology: VII)Environmental management in forest ecosystem (natural / artificial), agricultural ecosystem, urban ecosystem (Hosaka)
- 13. Hiroshima City field visit (Fujiwara, Lee)
- 14. Human resource development (Fujiwara)
- 15. Group work final presentation (All instructors)

# Text / Reference Books, etc.:

Distributing PPT materials for each lecture

# Grading Method:

Presentation (30%), small quiz for every lecture (20%), student participation (30%), reports (20%)

→ total score will be evaluated based on the following criteria.

Technology I	in English: Development Technology	4	Instructor: Tran Dang Xuan, Zhang Junyi, Zhang Rusen, Kubota Tetsu, Lee Hansoo, Hosaka Tetsuro, Chikaraishi Makoto, Kashima Saori
		Lesson type Lecture and Seminar	Teaching style : Omnibus

In this lecture, technologies necessary for realizing environmentally sustainable development in developing countries are divided into four fields: urban and traffic engineering, energy technology, biological production technology, and risk management technology. Firstly, basic theories and technologies in each field are outlined, and examples of application of theories and technologies are introduced. Secondly, through group work, students will learn specific issues related to environmentally sustainable development in developing countries, propose solutions, and study how to apply the acquired theories and techniques. Students will develop the professional skills and they can logically think about how various development technologies contribute to environmentally sustainable development from a cross-sectoral perspective.

### Class Schedule

1st Guidance (Tran Dang Xuan)

2nd Urban / Traffic Engineering: Coordination of Regional / City / Transport Infrastructure (Zhang Junyi)

3rd Environment and Health (Kashima)

4th Interdisciplinary Technology (Zhang Rusen)

5th Architecture Energy Saving Technology (Kubota)

6th Earth System Science and its Modeling Technology (Lee)

7th Agricultural Production Technology (Tran Dang Xuan)

8th Biodiversity Conservation and Ecosystem Management Method (Hosaka)

9th Risk Management Technology for Climate Change (Chikaraishi)

10th Review on previous presentations of students (Tran Dang Xuan)

11th Interim presentation (All instructors)

12th Group Work (All instructors)

13th Group Work (All instructors)

14th Group Work (All instructors)

15th Final Presentation (All instructors)

### Text / Reference Books, etc.:

Distributing lecture PPT teaching materials and data on researches to reduce poverty reduction and climate change impacts in Cambodia and Bangladesh, respectively

### Grading Method:

Evaluation is based on the overall score of test (30%), report (30%), and final presentation (40%) Grading: Excellent: S or  $\geq 90$ , Superior: A or  $\geq 80$ , <90, Good: B or  $\geq 70$ , <80, Fair: C or  $\geq 60$ , <70, Fail: D or <60

Subject Name:	Subject Name in English:	Credits:	Instructor:
Transportation	Transportation Engineering	2	Fujiwara Akimasa
Engineering		Lesson Style:	Teaching Style:
		Lecture	Individual

Students of this course will acquire a set of process including goal setting, survey, analysis, prediction and evaluation for transport infrastructure development, and obtain its related knowledges and skills. To achieve this objective, the course will lecture the fundamentals of transport infrastructure project, transport planning, and transport policy as the following topics shown in class schedule.

After completing the whole course work, students will learn to be able to demonstrate competencies in composing and analyzing problems of the above fundamentals as an expert. Concretely,

- 1. Competency in composing the problems to figure out the relationship between mas as an individual and society as a whole from the viewpoints of different sciences by understanding the process of transport infrastructure development.
- 2. Competency in composing the problems to collect the necessary information and identify the specific questions by learning the role and methodology of transport survey.
- 3. Competency in analyzing the problems to design the conditions relevant to practical solutions of existing transport infrastructures by learning the principles of transport infrastructure planning and the concept of transport policies.
- 4. Competency in analyzing the problems to develop the value and judgement criteria and to evaluate multiple transport options based on the principle of transport infrastructure planning.

### Class Schedule

1 Introduction and overview of transport statistics
The history of transport infrastructure development will be reviewed, and the current stage of the development and planning will be introduced.

2/3 Traffic flows and highway capacity

The fundamental theory of traffic flow and road capacity will be lectured.

4 Intersection design

The design methods of road intersections and traffic control will be explained.

5 Transportation Networks

The transport network theory and optimization methods will be lectured.

6/7 Road Planning in Neighborhood / Bicycle

The basic theory of road planning in neighborhood and bicycle planning will be explained by introducing the actual plans.

8/9 Public Transport Planning

Public transport planning (i.e. railway, bus, light rail transit, port and airport) will be introduced. Also the design methods will be explained.

10 Transportation Planning in Tourism

The issues of transport planning in tourism will be discussed.

11 Transportation Demand Management

Travel demand management measures to decrease congestion, traffic accidents and emission by appropriately managing the demand will be introduced.

- 12 Air Quality, Noise and Energy
  - The countermeasures on environmental issues caused by transport sectors, i.e. air pollution, noise and energy consumption, will be discussed. And also the evaluation method of environmental value will be lectured.
- 13 Intelligent Transport Systems
  - The recent development of ITS in US, Europe and Japan will be introduced. The advantages and disadvantages of ITS will be discussed.
- 14 Universal Design and barrier free in transport
  The concept of universal design of infrastructure will be lectured. Also the global standard and actual problems will be discussed.
- 15 Final Examination

# Text / Reference Books, etc.:

Lecturer will provide learning PPTs for each class.

### Reading Lists:

- 1) Institute of Highways & Transportation (1996): Guidelines for Developing Urban Transport Strategies, Stephen Austin, Hertford.
- 2) Daganzo, C. (1997): Fundamentals of Transportation and Traffic Operations, Pergamon.
- 3) Papacostas, C. & P. Prevedouros (1993): Transportation Engineering and Planning, Prentice Hall.
- 4) Taylor, H., W. Young & P. Bonsall (1996): Understanding Traffic Systems: Data, Analysis and Presentation, Ashgate, pp.37-126.
- 5) Department of Transport (1994): Traffic Calming in Practice, Landor Publishing.
- 6) Hass-Klau, Carmen (1990): The pedestrian and city traffic, Belhaven Press.
- 7) Rodney Tolley (2003): Sustainable transport planning for walking and cycling in urban environments, Cambridge Wodhead.
- 8) White, P. (1995): Public Transport and Its Planning, Management and Operation, UCL Press.
- 9) Iles, R. (2005): Public Transport in Developing Countries, Elsevier.
- 10) Hensher, D. et al.(2003): Handbook of Transport and the Environment, Elsevier.
- 11) Banister, D. (2005): Unsustainable Transport: City transport in the new country, Routledge.
- 12) Hanson, S. (1995): The Geography of Urban Transportation, The Guilford Press, pp.435-469.
- 13) Risto Näätänen and Heikki Summala (1976): Road-user Behavior and Traffic Accidents, Elsevier.
- 14) Stough, R. (2001): Intelligent Transport Systems: Cases and Policies, Edward Eigar.
- 15) Wolfgang F. E. Preiser & Elaine Ostroff (2001): Universal Design Handbook,

### McGraw-Hill Professional

# Grading Method:

The final examination (report): 70%, Each mini quiz: 30%

Subject Name:	Subject Name in English:	Credits:	Instructor:
Transportation	Transportation Planning	2	Fujiwara Akimasa
Planning		Lesson Style:	Teaching Style:
		Lecture	Individual

The course will teach the fundamental theory of transport survey and modeling for widely used travel demand forecasting. Students will experience a programming for model estimation by using exercise data and study the cause-effect relationship among transport, environment and quality of life trough interactive lectures and seminars.

Students will learn to be able to demonstrate competencies in composing and analyzing problems as an expert. Concretely,

- 1. Competency in composing the problems to figure out the social meaning of transport planning from the viewpoints of different sciences.
- 2. Competency in composing the problems identify problems based on scientific evidences after studying a methodology of transport survey designs.
- Competency in analyzing the problems to predict demands for transport planning and policies by grasping the concept of travel behavior models.
- 4. Competency in analyzing the problems to evaluate multiple transport options based on cost-benefit analysis.

#### Class Schedule

### <Theoretical module>

- 1-3. Transport survey design and big data
- 4. Travel demand forecasting
- 5-7. Travel behavior analysis

# <Practical module>

- 8. Outline of transport planning project
- 9. Campus tour to figure out the existing problems
- 10-12. Group works
- 13-14. Presentation of achievement
- 15. Discussions

### Text / Reference Books, etc.:

Lecturer will provide learning PPTs for each class.

### Reading Lists:

- Harry D. Timmerman (1992): Urban transport planning: a developmental approach,
   Routledge.
- Stopher, P. & A. Meyburg (1975): Urban transportation modeling and planning,

## Lexington Books

- Meyer, M. & E. Miller (1984): Urban transportation planning: a decision-oriented approach, McGraw-Hill.
- -David Banister (2002), Transport Planning: Transport Development and Sustainability, Spon Press.
- -Richardson, A. et al (1995): Survey Methods for Transport Planning, Eucalyptus Press.
- Pearmain, P. et al (1991): Stated Preference Techniques –A Guide to Practice, Steer Davies Gleave & Hague Consulting Group.
- Louviere, J. et al (2000): Stated Choice Analysis Analysis and Application, Cambridge University Press.
- -Ortuzar, J. & L. Willumsen (1994): Modelling Transport, John Wiley & Sons.
- -TRB (2005): Introduction of Travel Demand Forecasting, CD-ROM.
- -Sheffy, Y. (1985): Urban Transportation Networks, Prentice-Hall.
- -Ben-Akiva M. & S.Lerman (1985): Discrete Choice Analysis, The MIT Press.
- -Hensher D. & K. Button (2000): Handbook of Transport Modelling, Pergamon.
- -Koppelman, F. and C. Bhat (2006), A Self Instructing Course in Mode Choice Modeling: Multinomial and Nested Logit Models, Prepared For U.S. Department of Transportation Federal Transit Administration.
- -Oppenheim, N. (1995): Urban Travel Demand Modeling, John Wiley & Sons.
- Kitamura, R. (2005): Simulation Approaches In Transportation Analysis: Recent Advances and Challenges, Springer
- Hoffman, A. (2007): Carbon strategies: How leading companies are reducing their climate change footprint, ERB Institute, University of Michigan.
- -Archer, D. (2007): Global warming, Blackwell.
- -Bolin, B. (2007): A history of the science and politics of climate change, Cambridge.
- -Harrington, J. (2008): The climate diet- How you can cut carbon, cut costs, and save the planet, Earthscan.
- -Foxon, T., Kohler J. and Oughton C. (2008): Innovation for a low carbon Economy, Edward Elgar.

### Grading Method:

Reports: 80% (=20%\*4), Each mini quiz: 20%

Grading: Excellent: S or  $\geq 90$ , Superior: A or  $\geq 80$ , <90, Good: B or  $\geq 70$ , <80, Fair: C or  $\geq 60$ ,

Subject Name:	Subject Name in English:	Credits:	Instructor:
Tourism Policy	Tourism Policy	2	Zhang Junyi
		Lesson Style:	Teaching Style:
			Individual

This subject allows students to understand the trends and issues of tourism development (mainly in Asia) and learn policy making methods for realizing sustainable tourism, via lecture and practice (including reading assignment). Students will further learn how to make use of the methodologies learnt by investigating and presenting tourism development issues in Asia, and writing a report on proposals for resolving actual regional and urban issues.

Through the above tasks, students will be trained to become a tourism policy making expert with the following abilities to identify and analyze issues.

- 1. To foster an issue-constructing ability for resolving tourism issues, by understanding the generation mechanisms of tourism issues and policy making process.
- To foster an issue-constructing ability for finding and recognizing major issues and collecting necessary information by understanding design methods of tourist behavior surveys.
- To foster an issue-analyzing ability for evaluating policy effects and predicting demands for tourism planning by understanding basic concepts of tourist behavior theories.
- 4. To foster an issue-analyzing ability for evaluating multiple planning options based on integrated tourism models and policy evaluation theories.

### Class Schedule

1st class: Lecture on tourism issues and their impacts in developed and developing countries

2<sup>nd</sup> class: Lecture on tourism resources and forms

3rd class: Lecture on tourism policy making methods

4th class: Lecture on basics of tourist behavior theories

5th–6th class: Practice by students (select one tourist destination, investigate and present its development issues)

7th—8th class: Practice by students (reading assignment of up-to-date literature on tourism policy)

9th-10th class: Lecture on survey and modeling methods of tourist behaviors

11th\_12th class: Practice by students (to learn various analysis methods for tourism policy)

13th class: Lecture on destination management methods and policy evaluation method

14th class: Lecture on tourism marketing

15th–16th class: Term Presentation (present the contents of term reports)

### Text / Reference Books, etc.:

To distribute lecture PDF files

### Major Reading Lists:

- [1] Asia on Tour: Exploring the Rise of Asian Tourism, Routledge; Winter T., Teo P., Chang T.C. (2009)
- [2] Consumer Behavior in Travel and Tourism, The HawHospitality Press; Pizam A. and Mansfeld Y. (2000)
- [3] Destination Recommendation Systems: Behavioral Foundation and Applications, Cabi Publishing; Fesenmaier D.R., Wober K.W., and Werthner H. (2006)
- [4] Ecotourism, Routledge; Fennell D. (2008)
- [5] Environment and Tourism, Routledge; Holden A. (2008)
- [6] Handbook of Tourist Behavior, Routledge; Kozak M. and Decrop A. (2009)
- [7] Leisure and Recreation Management, Routledge; Torklidsen G. 2005)
- [8] Leisure and Tourism Policy and Planning, Cabi Publishing; Veal A.J. (2002)
- [9] Life-Oriented Behavioral Research for Urban Policy, Springe; Zhang J. (2017)
- [10] Routledge Handbook of Transport in Asia; Zhang, J. & Feng, C.-M. (2018)
- [11] Service Science, Wiley; Daskin M.S. (2010)
- [12] Successful Tourism Marketing: A Practical Handbook, Kogan Page; Briggs S. (2001)
- [13] The Behavioral Foundations of Public Policy, Princeton University Press; Elder Shafir (2013)
- [14] Tourism and Development in the Developing World, Routledge; Telfer D.J. and Sharpley R. (2008)
- [15] Tourism Marketing for Cities and Towns: Using Branding and Events to Attract Tourists, Elsevier; Kolb B.M. 2006)
- [16] Tourism Policy: The Next Millennium, Sagamore Publishing; Edgell, D.L. (1999)
- [17] Tourism and Regional Development, Ashgate; Giaoutzi M. and Nijkamp P. (2006)
- [18] Transport and Energy Research: A Behavioral Perspective, Elsevier; Zhang, J. (2019)

### Grading Method:

- Final term report (55%), Practice report (15%), Presentation (15%), Test per class (15%)
- S (Excellent) [90, 100], A (Superior) [80, 90), B (Good) [70, 80), C (Fair) [60, 70), D (Fail) (60, 0]

Subject Name:	Subject Name in English:	Credits:	Instructor:
Risk Management	Risk Management Technology	2	Chikaraishi Makoto
Technology		Lesson Style:	Teaching Style:
		Lecture	Individual

Climate change is surely one of the biggest global risks for the future. While the knowledge of natural science plays central roles in evaluating the risk of climate change, in the management process, we also have to deeply understand interactions between natural environment and human activities, and how people perceive the risk for a better public policy decision-making.

Given the above background, this course has three specific aims: (1) to review and critically examine a set of problems which involve risks (i.e., the potentials of losing something of values), (2) to help students learn how to conduct risk analysis and assessment, and (3) to encourage students to understand risk management theories and practices under complex and uncertain natural and human systems.

By taking this subject, students will develop the basic skills necessary for conducting research, in particular:

- Develop the ability to identify and structure problems of climate change risks from diversified perspectives through understanding of the effect of climate adaptation and mitigation including adverse effects.
- Acquire specialized knowledge and skills on risk analysis, risk evaluation, sensitivity analysis, and uncertainty analysis to solve the identified problems.
- 3. To develop the ability to find and structure problems through looking at a number of existing cases.

### Class Schedule

- 1. Introduction
- 2. Climate change-related risks
- 3. Quantification of risks (1)
- 4. Quantification of risks (2)
- 5. Risk-benefit analysis (1)
- 6. Risk-benefit analysis (2)
- 7. What is uncertainty?
- 8. Uncertainty and sensitivity analysis
- 9. Risk perception

- 10. Decision making under risk and uncertainty (1)
- 11. Decision making under risk and uncertainty (2)
- 12. Risk management (1)
- 13. Risk management (2)
- 14. Learning through a case (1)
- 15. Learning through a case (2)

### Text / Reference Books, etc.:

Handouts will be distributed.

- 1.Glickman, T.S. and Gough, M. (1990) Readings in Risk, Resources for the Future, New York.
- 2.Morgan, G., Henrion, M. (1990) Uncertainty: A Guide to Dealing with Uncertainty in Quantitative Risk and Policy Analysis, New York, Cambridge University Press.
- 3.ICPP (2014) Climate Change 2014: Synthesis Report, Contribution of Working Groups I, II and III to the Fifth Assessment Report of the Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change [Core Writing Team, R.K. Pachauri and L.A. Meyer (eds.)]. IPCC, Geneva, Switzerland, 151 pp [URL: http://www.ipcc.ch/report/ar5/syr/].
- 4. Hastie, R., Dawes, R.M. (2010) Rational Choice in an Uncertain World: The Psychology of Judgment and Decision Making, 2nd Edition, Sage.

# Grading Method:

Three reports (Report 1: 15%; Report 2: 15%; Report 3: 30%)

Small exam and active participation in class discussions (40%)

Grading: Excellent: S or  $\geq 90$ , Superior: A or  $\geq 80$ , <90, Good: B or  $\geq 70$ , <80, Fair: C or  $\geq 60$ ,

Subject Name:	Subject Name in English:	Credits:	Instructor:
Sustainable	Sustainable Architecture A	2	Kubota Tetsu
Architecture A		Lesson Style:	Teaching Style:
		Lecture	Individual

Today, approximately 35-40% of the world energy is consumed in Asia, and this percentage is expected to rise further. Energy consumption has increased particularly in the residential sector in line with the rapid rise of the middle class. The majority of growing Asian cities are located in hot and humid climate regions. There is an urgent challenge for designers to provide healthy and comfortable indoor environments for occupants without consuming non-renewable energy and resources excessively in growing tropical Asian cities. This course aims to equip students with fundamental theory and techniques for achieving sustainable architecture in developing Asia. By the end of this course, each student should be able to:

- 1. Understand the present status in the housing sector in growing cities of Southeast Asia,
- 2. Explore the traditional passive techniques embedded in vernacular architecture in Asia,
- 3. Obtain basic knowledge of building techniques for sustainability, and
- 4. Explore the latest advances in sustainable architecture through the review of actual practices.

### Class Schedule

- 1. Introduction, Present state in Asia
- 2 3. Vernacular architecture in Asia
- 4. Thermal comfort
- 5. Thermal adaptation
- 6. Case study 1 Vernacular architecture
- 7. Thermal environment of buildings
- 8. Case study 2 Modern houses
- 9 10. Passive cooling
- 11. Case study 3 Non residential
- 12. Introduction of Energy-saving and low-carbon projects
- 13 14. Group Discussion: Sustainable architecture towards 2030
- 15. Group Presentation

### Summary

Text / Reference Books, etc.:

PPT files and Lecture notes will be distributed.

Reading Lists:

- [1] ASHRAE, 2009 ASHRAE Handbook, Fundamentals, SI Edition, ASHRAE; 2009.
- [2] Cunningham, W.P. et al. (2007) Environmental Science, A global concern, 9th ed. New York: McGraw-Hill.
- [3] Emmanuel, M.R. (2005) An Urban Approach to Climate-Sensitive Design, Strategies for the Tropics, Spon Press, London.
- [4] Evans, M. (1980) Housing, Climate and Comfort, John Willey & Sons, Inc.
- [5] Fanger, P.O., Thermal Comfort: Analysis and Applications in Environmental Engineering. New York: McGraw-Hill Book Co, 1972.
- [6] Gartland, L. (2008) Heat Island, Understanding and Mitigating Heat in Urban Areas, Earthscan, London.
- [7] Givoni, B. (1998) Climate Consideration in Building and Urban Design, John Willey & Sons, Inc.
- [8] Kibert, C.J. (2008) Sustainable Construction: Green building design and delivery, 2nd ed., John Willey & Sons, Inc.
- [9] Lechner, N. (2009) Heating, Cooling, Lighting: Sustainable design methods for architects, 3rd ed., John Willey & Sons, Inc.
- [10] McIntyre, D. A., Indoor Climate. London: Applied Science Publishers Ltd, 1980.
- [11] McMullan R., Environmental Science in Building, 5th ed. New York: Palgrave Macmillan; 2002.
- [12] Moore, F. (1993) Environmental Control Systems: Heating Cooling Lighting, McGraw-Hill, Inc.
- [13] Parsons, K., Human Thermal Environments, The effects of hot, moderate and cold environments on human health, comfort and performance, Taylor & Francis; 2003.
- [14] Szokolay, S.V. (2008) Introduction to Architectural Science: The Basis of Sustainable Design, 2nd ed., Elsevier Ltd.
- [15] Watson, D. et al. (1983) Climatic Design, McGraw-Hill, Inc.
- [16] Wong, N.H. et al (2009) Tropical Urban Heat Islands; Climate, Buildings and Greenery, Taylor & Francis, London.

## Grading Method:

Course evaluation: Test (30%), Presentation (50%), Mini tests (20%)

Grading: Excellent: S or  $\geq 90$ , Superior: A or  $\geq 80$ , <90, Good: B or  $\geq 70$ , <80, Fair: C or  $\geq 60$ ,

Subject Name:	Subject Name in English:	Credits:	Instructor:
Sustainable	Sustainable Architecture B	2	Kubota Tetsu
Architecture B		Lesson Style:	Teaching Style:
		Lecture	Individual

One of the most effective ways to learn about sustainable architecture is to visit the sites and experience the actual environments. This course provides students with several opportunities to visit sustainable architecture in and around Higashi-Hiroshima. After each of the site visits, the students discuss the sustainable techniques that were seen in the examples. The results of the discussions are presented by the students afterwards. The practices that are going to be visited include not only modern buildings but also traditional houses.

## Class Schedule

- 1. Introduction, Japanese climates, Traditional and modern Japanese houses in brief
- [First Part]
- 2. Modern Japanese houses
- 3. Site Visit 1: Higashi-Hiroshima Housing Fair
- 4. Summary of Site Visit 1 and Plan for Site Visit 2
- 5 6. Site Visit 2
- 7. Group Discussion
- 8. Present the results of site visits in group

### [Second Part]

- 9. Traditional Japanese houses
- 10. Site Visit 3: Former Ishii's residence
- 11. Summary of Site Visit 3 and Plan for Site Visit 4
- 12 13. Site Visit 4
- 14. Group Discussion
- 15. Present the results of site visits in group

## Summary

#### Text / Reference Books, etc.:

Lecture notes and PPT files will be distributed.

### Reading Lists:

- [1] Emmanuel, M.R. (2005) An Urban Approach to Climate-Sensitive Design, Strategies for the Tropics, Spon Press, London.
- [2] Evans, M. (1980) Housing, Climate and Comfort, John Willey & Sons, Inc.

- [3] Fanger, P.O., Thermal Comfort: Analysis and Applications in Environmental Engineering. New York: McGraw-Hill Book Co, 1972.
- [4] Gartland, L. (2008) Heat Island, Understanding and Mitigating Heat in Urban Areas, Earthscan, London.
- [5] Givoni, B. (1998) Climate Consideration in Building and Urban Design, John Willey & Sons, Inc.
- [6] Kibert, C.J. (2008) Sustainable Construction: Green building design and delivery, 2nd ed., John Willey & Sons, Inc.
- [7] Lechner, N. (2009) Heating, Cooling, Lighting: Sustainable design methods for architects, 3rd ed., John Willey & Sons, Inc.
- [8] McIntyre, D. A., Indoor Climate. London: Applied Science Publishers Ltd, 1980.
- [9] McMullan R., Environmental Science in Building, 5th ed. New York: Palgrave Macmillan; 2002.
- [10] Moore, F. (1993) Environmental Control Systems: Heating Cooling Lighting, McGraw-Hill, Inc.
- [11] Parsons, K., Human Thermal Environments, The effects of hot, moderate and cold environments on human health, comfort and performance, Taylor & Francis; 2003.
- [12] Szokolay, S.V. (2008) Introduction to Architectural Science: The Basis of Sustainable Design, 2nd ed., Elsevier Ltd.
- [13] Watson, D. et al. (1983) Climatic Design, McGraw-Hill, Inc.
- [14] Wong, N.H. et al (2009) Tropical Urban Heat Islands; Climate, Buildings and Greenery, Taylor & Francis, London.—Harry D. Timmerman (1992): Urban transport planning: a developmental approach, Routledge.

#### Grading Method:

Course evaluation: Presentations (80%), Mini tests (20%)

Grading: Excellent: S or  $\geq 90$ , Superior: A or  $\geq 80$ , <90, Good: B or  $\geq 70$ , <80, Fair: C or  $\geq 60$ ,

Subject Name:	Subject Name in English:	Credits:	Instructor:
Energy Science	Energy Science and	2	Lee Hansoo
and Technology	Technology	Lesson Style:	Teaching Style:
		Lecture	Individual

Promoting the use of renewable energy is indispensable in order to achieve environmental protection and make sustainable development.

In this class, lectures will be delivered on renewable energy technologies and their utilization, and discussions will be made on energy and society for sustainable development.

Lectures on solar power, nuclear power, wind power, hydropower, ocean energy, and biomass energy will be given as renewable energy resources. In particular,

- 1. To develop an understanding of the energy conversion process.
- 2. To develop the ability to propose appropriate renewable energy for the environment based on the understanding of renewable energy conversion process.
- 3. Based on the above, cultivate problem-solving skills that can propose a suitable renewable energy supply and demand strategy for sustainable development.

### Class Schedule

- 1. Relationship between greenhouse gases and global warming
- 2. Energy conversion process
- 3. Solar power generation
- 4. Nuclear power generation
- 5. Wind-power generation
- 6. Hydropower generation
- 7. Ocean power generation
- 8. Biomass power generation
- 9. Energy and Society
- 10-11. Field excursion to a power plant
- 12-14. Student presentations
- 15. Summary

#### Text / Reference Books, etc.:

Distributing PPT materials for each lecture

## Reading lists:

1) Andrews and Jelley (2013). Energy Science: principles, technologies and impacts, Oxford, 424p

- 2) Boeker and Grondelle (2011). Environmental Physics; Sustainable Energy and Climate Change, Wiley, 429p
- 3) Goldemberg (2012). Energy; What everyone needs to know, Oxford, 159p
- 4) Godfrey Boyle (2012). Renewable Energy: Power for a sustainable future, Oxford, 566p.

### Grading Method:

Presentation (30%) , small quiz for each lecture (20%) , student participation (30%) , report (20%)  $\rightarrow$  total score will be evaluated based on the following criteria

Grading: Excellent: S or  $\geq 90$ , Superior: A or  $\geq 80$ , <90, Good: B or  $\geq 70$ , <80, Fair: C or  $\geq 60$ , <70, Fail: D or <60

Subject Name:	Subject Name in English:	Credits:	Instructor:
Numerical	Numerical Environmental	2	Lee Hansoo
Environmental	Impact Assessment II	Lesson Style:	Teaching Style:
Impact Assessment II		Lecture	Individual

Learn about environmental impact assessment (air pollution, water quality problem, circulation of a reservoir) using numerical models and numerical calculations necessary to find countermeasures for disaster problems (storm surge and waves due to tropical cyclones, tsunami due to underwater earthquake, flood and inundation due to heavy rainfall, and so on). In the class, we will introduce basic theories such as differential equations, boundary value problems, finite differences, and continuity equation that are fundamental to fluid flow, and momentum equations, and practice weather prediction using numerical models.

As a result, students will learn the basic principles and ability of environmental impact assessment technology and disaster prevention / mitigation technology by numerical calculation. In particular,

- 1. Develop problem understanding ability to fundamentally solve a given problem by understanding processes related to environmental problems and disasters.
- 2. Develop the problem structure by acquiring the basic knowledge necessary for reproducing and predicting environmental problems and disasters, and the necessary numerical models.
- 3. Cultivate the task execution ability by acquiring the computing ability to utilize the numerical model.
- \* In order to take numerical environmental impact assessment II, it is required to take the numerical environmental impact assessment I.

# Class Schedule

- 1-2. Ocean and waves
- 3-6. Wave theory
- 7. Overview of numerical modelling of waves
- 8-9. Wind wave models
- 10. Linux environment and shell script
- 11-12. Storm surge modelling practice
- 13-14. Wind wave modelling practice.
- 15. Summary

Text / Reference Books, etc.:

Distributing PPT materials for each lecture

### Grading Method:

Small quiz for each lecture (30%) , student participation (30%) , report (40%)  $\rightarrow$  Total score will be evaluated based on the following criteria

Grading: Excellent: S or  $\geq$ 90, Superior: A or  $\geq$ 80, <90, Good: B or  $\geq$ 70, <80, Fair: C or  $\geq$ 60, <70, Fail: D or <60

Subject Name:	Subject Name in English:	Credits:	Instructor:
Botany Resources for	Botany Resources for the	2	Tran Dang Xuan
the Future	Future	Lesson Style:	Teaching Style:
		Lecture	Individual

In this lecture, students will learn the botany resource and the potential application based on plant physiology. In addition, we will examine the methods for identifying and isolating genes and secondary metabolites related to the tolerant to salt damage, drought, high temperature, submergence, pests and weeds in crops for climate change. We aim to comprehensively understand the development of new agricultural pesticides from the secondary metabolites which is safer for human and environment.

#### Class Schedule

1st What is resource botany?

2nd Basic theory of plant physiology

3rd Basic theory of plant physiology

4th Basic theory of plant physiology

5th What are secondary metabolites?

6th Method for identification of secondary metabolites

7th Method for isolation of secondary metabolites

8th Drought tolerance of crops towards climate change

9th Salt tolerance of crops towards climate change

10th High temperature tolerance of crops towards climate change

11th Crop flooding tolerance towards climate change

12th Pest resistance of crops towards climate change

13th Weed tolerance of crops towards climate change

14th Breeding of new crop species resistant to climate change and development of novel pesticides

15th Summary, General Discussion

#### Text / Reference Books, etc.:

Distributing lecture PPT teaching materials and data on plant physiology, resource botany and climate change

#### Grading Method:

Evaluation is based on the overall score of test (30%), report (30%), and final presentation (40%)

Grading: Excellent: S or  $\geq 90$ , Superior: A or  $\geq 80$ , <90, Good: B or  $\geq 70$ , <80, Fair: C or  $\geq 60$ ,

Subject Name:	Subject Name in English:	Credits:	Instructor:
Environmental	Environmental	2	Tran Dang Xuan
Monitoring	Monitoring	Lesson Style:	Teaching Style:
		Lecture	Individual

In this lecture, students will learn how to identify chemical components that contaminate water and soil, especially heavy metals. In addition, lectures will be given for students to understand the use specialized analyzers (ion chromatography, ICP-MS, etc.) to identify and quantify chemical components and heavy metals. This lecture also provides knowledge on the negative effects of polluted chemical components, including heavy metals, on the environment and health.

#### Class Schedule

1st What is environmental monitoring?

2nd Heavy metal classification

3rd Adverse effect of heavy metals on the environment and health

4th Adverse effects of heavy metals on the environment and health

5th Classification of pollutants other than heavy metals

6th Effects of pollutants other than heavy metals on the environment and health

7th Effects of pollutants other than heavy metals on the environment and health

8th What is ion chromatography?

9th The use of ion chromatography

10th What is ICP-MS?

11th The use of ICP-MS

12th What is atomic absorption spectroscopy (AAS)?

13th The use of atomic absorption spectroscopy (AAS)

14th Applied technologies using plants to reduce the amount of heavy metals

15th Summary, General Discussion

### Text / Reference Books, etc.:

Distributing lecture PPT teaching materials and data on ICP-MS, AAS, ion

#### chromatography

## Grading Method:

Evaluation is based on the overall score of test (30%), report (30%), and final presentation (40%)

Grading: Excellent: S or  $\geq 90$ , Superior: A or  $\geq 80$ , <90, Good: B or  $\geq 70$ , <80, Fair: C or  $\geq 60$ ,

Subject Name:	Subject Name in English:	Credits:	Instructor:
Biomass Energy	Biomass Energy	2	Tran Dang Xuan
Technology	Technology	Lesson Style:	Teaching Style:
		Lecture	Individual

In this lecture, students attending the lecture will study on the basic theory of biomass energy technology. The purpose is achieving the philosophy of blending bioethanol and biodiesel into fuels to reduce the amount of carbon dioxide and exhaust gas. In addition, in order to produce biofuels from crop residues, we will discuss the examples of fermentation technologies and methods for identifying and isolating genes related to the amount and sugar content of crop biomass. A comprehensive understanding of breeding and cultivation techniques is also lectured and discussed.

### Class Schedule

1st What is biomass energy?

2nd Effects of carbon dioxide and exhaust gas on global warming

3rd Bioethanol production technology

4th Bioethanol production technology

5th Biodiesel production technology

6th Biodiesel production technology

7th Fermentation technology for biofuel production

8th Biofuel blending technology for fuel

9th crop for biofuel production

10th Identification of genes related to crop biomass

11th Isolation of genes related to crop biomass

12th Identification of genes related to crop sugar content

13th Isolation of genes related to crop sugar content

14th Breeding technology for crops with high biomass and sugar content

15th Summary, General Discussion

Text / Reference Books, etc.:

Distributing lecture PPT teaching materials and data on biomass, biofuels, crop genetic engineering and breeding

# Grading Method:

Evaluation is based on the overall score of test (30%), report (30%), and final presentation (40%) Grading: Excellent: S or  $\geq 90$ , Superior: A or  $\geq 80$ , <90, Good: B or  $\geq 70$ , <80, Fair: C or  $\geq 60$ , <70, Fail: D or <60

Subject Name:	Subject Name in English:	Credits:	Instructor:
Ecosystem	Ecosystem Conservation	2	Hosaka Tetsuro
Conservation and	and Management Science	Lesson Style:	Teaching Style:
Management Science		Lecture	Individual

Ecosystem management and conservation is critical for sustainable development of human society. In this lecture, students will learn fundamental theories on basic ecology (e.g. population, community and ecosystem ecology) and theories on conservation ecology, one type of applied ecology. Then, students will learn applications of these theories to ecosystem management in social-ecological systems and discuss their advantages and limitations.

#### Class Schedule

Lesson1 What is "ecosystem"?

Lesson2 What is ecosystem management?

Lesson3 Theories of ecosystem management

Lesson4 Conservation of fragmented landscapes (1)

Lesson5 Conservation of fragmented landscapes (2)

Lesson6 Planning and management of nature protected areas (1)

Lesson7 Planning and management of nature protected areas (2)

Lesson8 Management of invasive alien species (1)

Lesson9 Management of invasive alien species (2)

Lesson10 Climate change and ecosystem management (1)

Lesson11 Climate change and ecosystem management (2)

Lesson12 Social-ecological systems (1)

Lesson 13 Social-ecological systems (2)

Lesson 14 Students' final presentation

Lesson 15 Students' final presentation

## Text / Reference Books, etc.:

Lecture materials (handout and ppt slides) will be distributed

Mori (2012) Ecosystem management – toward a comprehensive conservation of ecosystems

# -, Kyoritsu-shuppan, Tokyo.

### Grading Method:

Grade will be evaluated by the following criteria:

Small exam (or homework) given in every lecture (30%)

Active participation in discussion (30%)

Final presentation and report (40%)

Grading: Excellent: S or  $\geq 90$ , Superior: A or  $\geq 80$ , <90, Good: B or  $\geq 70$ , <80, Fair: C or  $\geq 60$ ,

Subject Name:	Subject Name in English:	Credits:	Instructor:
Management and	Management and	2	Hosaka Tetsuro
Conservation of	Conservation of Ecosystems	Lesson Style:	Teaching Style:
Ecosystems		Lecture	Individual

Our lives are supported by various ecosystem services provided by biological diversity such as genetic diversity, species diversity and landscape diversity. In this lecture, I will focus on basic theories of ecology including the mechanisms for creating and maintaining biodiversity, pattern of population dynamics and species interactions. Also, I will explain about the relationships between human livelihood and biological resources with introducing some theories and examples. Through this lecture, students will be able to obtain fundamental knowledge to develop sustainable methods and technologies for biological resource management.

#### Class Schedule

Lesson1 What is "Ecology"?

Lesson2 Commonness and diversity of organisms

Lesson3 Hierarchy of ecosystems

Lesson4 Theories of biological evolution

Lesson5 Interactions among individuals

Lesson6 Interactions among species

Lesson7 Structure and function of ecosystems

Lesson8 Ecosystems and human society

Lesson9 Forest ecosystems

Lesson10 Agricultural ecosystems

Lesson11 Urban ecosystems

Lesson12 Ecology and biological resource management (1)

Lesson13 Ecology and biological resource management (2)

Lesson14 Students' presentation

Lesson15 Students' presentation

### Text / Reference Books, etc.:

Lecture materials (handout and ppt slides) will be distributed.

- 1) Ecological Society of Japan (2012) Introduction of Ecology, the second edition. Tokyo-kagaku-dojin, Tokyo.
- 2) Begon, M., Townsend, C. R. (2019) Ecology: From Individuals to Ecosystems. 5<sup>th</sup> edition. Wiley-Blackwell.

#### Grading Method:

Grade will be evaluated by the following criteria:

Small exam (or homework) given in every lecture (30%)

Active participation in discussion (30%)

Final presentation and report (40%)

Grading: Excellent: S or  $\geq 90$ , Superior: A or  $\geq 80$ , <90, Good: B or  $\geq 70$ , <80, Fair: C or  $\geq 60$ ,

Subject Name: 演習 A	Subject Name in English: Seminar A	Credits: 2	Instructor: Kubota Tetsu, Zhang Junyi, Nishina Daisaku, Matsumura Yukihiko, Tsukai Makoto, Tran Dang Xuan, Hosaka Tetsuro, Lee Hansoo, Fujiwara Akimasa, Kashima Saori, Chikaraishi Makoto
		Lesson Style: Seminar	Teaching Style: Individual

To develop the ability to understand the differences in quality among papers in journals on international economic development, and to search and read high-quality papers. Students will learn the basics of summarizing and communicating research results through regular research progress reports and acquire the basic ability to critically examine and discuss other research reports.

### Class Schedule

- Class 1: Presentation on thesis research
- Class 2: Presentation on thesis research
- Class 3: Paper reading
- Class 4: Presentation on thesis research
- Class 5: Presentation on thesis research
- Class 6: Paper reading
- Class 7: Presentation on thesis research
- Class 8: Presentation on thesis research
- Class 9: Paper reading
- Class 10: Presentation on thesis research
- Class 11: Presentation on thesis research
- Class 12: Paper reading
- Class 13: Presentation on thesis research
- Class 14: Presentation on thesis research
- Class 15: Paper reading

# Oral presentation of research progress

#### Text / Reference Books, etc.:

#### Handouts

## Grading Method:

Active participation in discussion and presentation.

Grading: Excellent: S or  $\geq 90$ , Superior: A or  $\geq 80$ , <90, Good: B or  $\geq 70$ , <80, Fair: C or  $\geq 60$ ,

Subject Name: 演習 B	Subject Name in English: Seminar B	Credits: 2	Instructor: Kubota Tetsu, Zhang Junyi, Nishina Daisaku, Matsumura Yukihiko, Tsukai Makoto, Tran Dang Xuan, Hosaka Tetsuro, Lee Hansoo, Fujiwara Akimasa, Kashima Saori, Chikaraishi Makoto
		Lesson Style: Seminar	Teaching Style: Individual

To find high-level papers on international economic development and to develop critical reading skills. Students will learn how to summarize and communicate research results through regular research progress reports, and acquire the ability to critically examine and discuss other research reports.

#### Class Schedule

- Class 1: Presentation on thesis research
- Class 2: Presentation on thesis research
- Class 3: Paper reading
- Class 4: Presentation on thesis research
- Class 5: Presentation on thesis research
- Class 6: Paper reading
- Class 7: Presentation on thesis research
- Class 8: Presentation on thesis research
- Class 9: Paper reading
- Class 10: Presentation on thesis research
- Class 11: Presentation on thesis research
- Class 12: Paper reading
- Class 13: Presentation on thesis research
- Class 14: Presentation on thesis research
- Class 15: Paper reading

# Oral presentation of research progress

## Text / Reference Books, etc.:

# Handouts

## Grading Method:

Active participation in discussion and presentation.

Grading: Excellent: S or  $\geq$ 90, Superior: A or  $\geq$ 80, <90, Good: B or  $\geq$ 70, <80, Fair: C or  $\geq$ 60, <70, Fail: D or <60

Subject Name:	Subject Name	Credits:	Instructor:
フィールドワーク	in English:	2	Kubota Tetsu, Zhang Junyi, Nishina
	Fieldwork		Daisaku, Matsumura Yukihiko, Tsukai
			Makoto, Tran Dang Xuan, Hosaka Tetsuro,
			Lee Hansoo, Fujiwara Akimasa, Kashima
			Saori, Chikaraishi Makoto
		Lesson Style:	Teaching Style:
		Seminar	Individual

In this course, fieldwork is defined as research activities conducted in domestic and overseas fields. This lecture is based on the fieldwork implementation plan, including study purpose, period, region, and survey content, as well as other logistical issues such as contact information. These must be created by students under the guidance of the supervisor.

#### Class Schedule

Fieldwork will be conducted over 2 weeks (60 hours of actual work). The Academic Affairs Committee will review the fieldwork implementation plan (implementing agency, region, period, training content, contact information, supervisor's approval, etc.) in advance and obtain permission for implementation. After the implementation, the Academic Affairs Committee will recognize credits and evaluate grades based on the implementation report and the supervisor's evaluation report.

Text / Reference Books, etc.:

Handouts

## Grading Method:

Comprehensive evaluation based on fieldwork implementation plan as mentioned above, implementation report and supervisor evaluation report.

Grading: Excellent: S or  $\geq 90$ , Superior: A or  $\geq 80$ , <90, Good: B or  $\geq 70$ , <80, Fair: C or  $\geq 60$ , <70. Fail: D or <60

Subject Name:	Subject Name in	Credits:	Instructor:
グローバルインターン シップ	English:	2	Kubota Tetsu, Zhang Junyi, Nishina
シップ	Global		Daisaku, Matsumura Yukihiko,
	Internship		Tsukai Makoto, Tran Dang Xuan,
			Hosaka Tetsuro, Lee Hansoo,
			Fujiwara Akimasa, Kashima Saori,
			Chikaraishi Makoto
		Lesson Style:	Teaching Style:
		Seminar	Individual

This is a practical training course that aims to expand students' ability to solve social and practical issues, by developing practical skills and career options. Through internships with domestic and foreign private companies, international organizations, governmental organizations, non-profit organizations, etc., students learn about the management of companies and organizations, while contributing to the society.

#### Class Schedule

The training period is for more than 2 weeks (60 hours of actual work). The Academic Affairs Committee will review the internship implementation plan (the executing agency, region, period, training content, contact information, supervisor's approval, etc.) in advance and obtain permission for implementation. After implementation, the Academic Affairs Committee will recognize credits and evaluate grades based on the implementation report and the evaluation report of the instructor.

Text / Reference Books, etc.:

Handouts

## Grading Method:

Comprehensive evaluation based on the intership implementation plan as mentioned above, implementation report, and evaluation report of the instructor.

Grading: Excellent: S or  $\geq 90$ , Superior: A or  $\geq 80$ , <90, Good: B or  $\geq 70$ , <80, Fair: C or  $\geq 60$ , <70, Fail: D or <60

Subject Name:	Subject Name in English:	Credits:	Instructor:
Developing	Developing Designing Ability	2	Fujiwara Akimasa,
Designing Ability			Lee Hansoo
		Lesson Style:	Teaching Style:
		Seminar, Lecture	Omnibus,
			Collaboration(part)

This course employs a practical of debate so as to go through the process of interpreting and discussing internship experiences in the field by relating multidimensional knowledge critically to each other. The expected educational outcomes for this course are set as follows:

- (1) To understand competency required for future professional specialists and the background behind it. And to know what debating skill is.
- (2) Through preparation for debate exercise, students will be able to develop problem processing ability in the face of an issue, which consists of several steps such as grasping key problems of the issue, coming up with multiple solutions for them, and utilizing relevant knowledge and skills for it.
- (3) Through a practical debating exercise, students will be able to improve abilities to grasp a topic of debate from various aspects as well as to consider possible arguments from each of both antithetical standpoints, and then to address them logically according to the standpoint.

## Class Schedule

- Introduction: Background, objectives, and outline of the course will be explained here. By demonstrating the actual activities of debate and problem mining seminar in the previous year, fascinating aspect of debate and significance of case method will be presented. It will also discuss the competency required for professional specialists under the rapid internationalization.
- 2. Outline of Debate 1: Outline of debate and required skills for debate, such as logical thinking and communication skill, etc., will be introduced and discussed.
- 3. Outline of Debate 2: Outline of debate such as its purpose, procedure, and roles in a debate will be explained. Debate teams will also be formed. Two debate themes for the debate practice and subsequent competition will be discussed and decided by group works.
- 4-5. Preparation for Practical Debates: The first practice of debate will be prepared on the given debate theme to structure argumentation, collect data and evidence and arrange roles by group works.
- 6-7. Practice Debates 1 and 2: Two practices of debate will be performed on the basis of the prepared material by group works. Necessary instructions and advices will be given

during the practice.

- 8-9. Interim Evaluation of Debate: Interim evaluation of debate practices 1 and 2 in 11th and 12th week respectively will be made base on the Judgment sheets and video record, and discuss to improve the quality of debate.
- 10-11. Preparation for Debate Competitions: The debate competitions will be prepared on the given debate theme to structure argumentation, collect data and evidence and arrange roles by group works.
- 12-13. Debate Competitions 1 and 2: The debate competitions will be performed using the prepared materials by group works.
- 14. Preparation for Public Debate: The debate competitions will be prepared on the given debate theme to structure argumentation, collect data and evidence and arrange roles by group works.
- 15. Public Debate and Course summary: Public debate by the 2 excellent groups through the debate practices and competitions will be performed on the same theme used for competitions. Other students will play the judges for the public debate to decide the best debate group and the best group will be awarded. In addition, the final course summary will be made.

Text / Reference Books, etc.:

Distribution material

## Grading Method:

Each class quiz: 50%, Level of participation: 20%, Contribution during debates: 20%, Mutual evaluation among group members: 10%

Grading: Excellent: S or  $\geq 90$ , Superior: A or  $\geq 80$ , <90, Good: B or  $\geq 70$ , <80, Fair: C or  $\geq 60$ , <70, Fail: D or <60

Subject Name:	Subject Name in	Credits:	Instructor:
国際協力プロジェ	English:	2	Kaneko Shinji
クト演習	Practical Seminar on International	Lesson Style:	Teaching Style:
		Seminar	Individual

This practical seminar trains student's ability to communicate and discuss cross disciplinary colleagues on possible collaboration on research and practice toward solution of environmental issues, which have interdisciplinary nature, while comparing and examining differences in academic values and research methods in various different fields related to environmental research. The goal is to acquire the skills to communicate the essence of research with other researchers in other fields, as well as to comprehend the outline of research in other fields and acquire the ability to discuss jointly for solution.

#### Class Schedule

- Class 1 Guidance and preparation for interdisciplinary seminar
- Class 2 Literature review and practice of summary presentation (1)
- Class 3 Literature review and practice of summary presentation (2)
- Class 4 Literature review and practice of summary presentation (3)
- Class 5 Literature review and practice of summary presentation (4)
- Class 6 Literature review and practice of summary presentation (5)
- Class 7 Literature review and practice of summary presentation (6)
- Class 8 Interdisciplinary seminar of master thesis research (1)
- Class 9 Interdisciplinary seminar of master thesis research (1)
- Class 10 Interdisciplinary seminar of master thesis research (1)
- Class 11 Interdisciplinary seminar of master thesis research (1)
- Class 12 Interdisciplinary seminar of master thesis research (1)
- Class 13 Interdisciplinary seminar of master thesis research (1)
- Class 14 Interdisciplinary seminar of master thesis research (1)

Class 15 Summary

Report for synthesizing the learnings from literature review and interdisciplinary seminar.

Text / Reference Books, etc.:

### Handouts

# Grading Method:

Evaluations is made by mid-term examination, final examination and contribution to the class.

Grading: Excellent: S or  $\geq$ 90, Superior: A or  $\geq$ 80, <90, Good: B or  $\geq$ 70, <80, Fair: C or  $\geq$ 60, <70, Fail: D or <60

Subject Name:	Subject Name in English:	Credits:	Instructor:
	Seminar on Practices for	2	Kaneko Shinji
国际公历只关闭员目 11	International Civil Servants A	Lesson Style:	Teaching Style:
		Seminar	Individual

The course provides practical management methods for projects focusing on ODA (Official Development Assistance) scheme in terms of participatory planning, project monitoring with earned value management,

and performance evaluation using DAC 5 criteria. In this class, students will participate the workshop for PCM, exercise the project monitoring and evaluation methods, and study the cases of international cooperation projects.

The class objectives are:

- 1) To understand the logic of PDM through PCM workshop
- 2) To learn Earned Value Management and DAC 5 criteria for project monitoring and evaluation
- 3) To study the monitoring and evaluation of international cooperation projects

Class Schedule

lesson1 Course Guidance

lesson2 Program and Project (Lecture)

lesson3 Project Cycle Management (PCM) method (Participatory Planning)

lesson4 Summary of PCM

lesson5 Stakeholders Analysis

lesson6 Problems Analysis

lesson7 Objectives Analysis

lesson8 Project Selection

lesson9 Project Design Matrix (PDM)

lesson10 Plan of Operation

lesson11 Earned Value Project Management (Lecture & Exercise)

lesson12 Project Monitoring (Lecture)

lesson13 Project Evaluation (DAC 5 criteria) (Lecture & Exercise)

lesson14 Project Monitoring & Evaluation Case Study (JICA/International Donors) (Group work &

Presentation)

lesson15 Summary

Text / Reference Books, etc.:

Handouts

Grading Method:

Evaluations is made by (1) contribution to the class and (2) report.

Grading: Excellent: S or  $\geq 90$ , Superior: A or  $\geq 80$ , <90, Good: B or  $\geq 70$ , <80, Fair: C or  $\geq 60$ , <70, Fail: D or <60

Subject Name:	Subject Name in English:	Credits:	Instructor:
国際公務員実務演習 B	Seminar on Practices for	2	Kaneko Shinji
	International Civil	Lesson Style:	Teaching Style:
	Servants B	Seminar	Individual

The lecture provides opportunities of practical skills for preparing job application to international organizations and NGOs and making project proposals for those who wish to find job opportunity in international organizations and international NGOs.

## Class Schedule

Class 1 Careers and job opportunities in international organizations and international NGOs

Class 2 Self-assessment and development of curriculum vitae (1)

Class 3 Self-assessment and development of curriculum vitae (2)

Class 4 Self-assessment and career plan

Class 5 Career path in international organization (1)

Class 6 Practical seminar with use of INSPIRA (1)

Class 7 Practical seminar with use of INSPIRA (2)

Class 8 Practical seminar with use of INSPIRA (3)

Class 9 Career path in international organization (2)

Class 10 Project proposal development (1)

Class 11 Project proposal development (2)

Class 12 Project proposal development (3)

Class 13 Project proposal development (4)

Class 14 Career path in international organization (3)

Class 15 Presentation of project proposal

### Text / Reference Books, etc.:

### Handouts

#### Grading Method:

Evaluations is made by mid-term examination, final examination and contribution to the class.

Grading: Excellent: S or  $\geq 90$ , Superior: A or  $\geq 80$ , <90, Good: B or  $\geq 70$ , <80, Fair: C or  $\geq 60$ ,

-	International Environmental Cooperation	Credits: 2	Instructor: Fujiwara Akimasa, Chikaraishi Makoto, Kubota Tetsu, Zhang Junyi, Maharjan Keshav Lall, Kaneko Shinji, Yoshida Yuichiro, Lee Hansoo, Shimizu Kinya, Hosaka Tetsuro, Tran Dang Xuan
	Studies	Lesson Style: Lecture	Teaching Style: Omnibus

#### Objectives

- (i) Promotion of deep understanding of the cutting-edge for global climate change and environmental cooperation
- (ii) Introduction of state-of-the-art of international environmental cooperation

#### Outcomes

An ability to understand the relationship between development and environment, and to grasp environmental problems with global and multidisciplinary aspects:

- (i) Considering the development stage of nation and region, students can interpret current existing and future expected problems.
- (ii) From both viewpoints of developed and developing countries, students can apply social and natural scientific knowledge concerning mitigation and adaptation of global environmental issues.

(iii) Students can define the low-carbon society and design a whole framework to realize it.

# Class Schedule

lesson1: Course plan and Introduction

lesson2: Urban system design to prevent global warming 1

lesson3: Urban system design to prevent global warming 2

lesson4: Urban system design to prevent global warming 3

lesson5: Urban system design to prevent global warming 4

lesson6: Policymaking and design of institutional systems 1

lesson7: Policymaking and design of institutional systems 2

lesson8: Policymaking and design of institutional systems 3

lesson9: Environmental impact assessment 1

lesson 10: Environmental impact assessment 2

lesson11: Development of Environmental Education 1

lesson12: Wise use of biomass resources 1

lesson13: Wise use of biomass resources 2

lesson14: Wise use of biomass resources 3

lesson15: Discussion

#### Examination

#### Text / Reference Books, etc.:

# Distribution materials

#### Grading Method:

Examination: 70%, Each class quiz: 30%

Grading: Excellent: S or  $\geq 90$ , Superior: A or  $\geq 80$ , <90, Good: B or  $\geq 70$ , <80, Fair: C or  $\geq 60$ ,

Subject Name: 演習 C	English: 2		Instructor: Kubota Tetsu, Zhang Junyi, Nishina Daisaku, Matsumura Yukihiko, Tsukai Makoto, Tran Dang Xuan, Hosaka Tetsuro, Lee Hansoo, Fujiwara Akimasa, Kashima Saori, Chikaraishi Makoto
		Lesson Style: Seminar	Teaching Style: Individual

To find high-level papers on international economic development and to develop critical reading skills. Students will learn how to summarize and communicate research results through regular research progress reports, and acquire the ability to critically examine and discuss other research reports.

## Class Schedule

- Class 1: Presentation on thesis research
- Class 2: Presentation on thesis research
- Class 3: Paper reading
- Class 4: Presentation on thesis research
- Class 5: Presentation on thesis research
- Class 6: Paper reading
- Class 7: Presentation on thesis research
- Class 8: Presentation on thesis research
- Class 9: Paper reading
- Class 10: Presentation on thesis research
- Class 11: Presentation on thesis research
- Class 12: Paper reading
- Class 13: Presentation on thesis research
- Class 14: Presentation on thesis research
- Class 15: Paper reading

# Oral presentation of research progress

### Text / Reference Books, etc.:

### Handouts

# Grading Method:

Active participation in discussion and presentation.

Grading: Excellent: S or  $\geq 90$ , Superior: A or  $\geq 80$ , <90, Good: B or  $\geq 70$ , <80, Fair: C or  $\geq 60$ , <70, Fail: D or <60

Subject Name: Energy Engineering and Management	Instructor: Thrän, Daniela Bruckner, Thomas	
Credits: 5, (10ECTS)	Lesson Sytle: Lecture, Seminar	Teaching Style: Omnibus

The subject presents an overview of the most relevant power supply technologies, electricity demand, conversions and storage technologies, as well as transport networks. Beside power engineering, financial and environmental aspects of business management are introduced. The knowledge acquired is applied to practical examples in the seminar.

The objectives of the course are as follows:

Students acquire solid basic technological, environmental and economical knowledge in different energy technologies. Students are able to assess different power supply options at a business level.

Subject of Components:

Energy Engineering (2 hours/week)

Energy Management (2 hours/week)

Seminar & Field trip (2 hours/week)

Grading Method:

Written exam (50%)

Report (50%)

Subject Name: Water Resources Management	Instructor: Geyler, Stefan Klauer, Bernd	
Credits: 5, (10ECTS)	Lesson Style: Lecture, Seminar	Teaching Style: Omnibus

Environmental resources management will be dealt with by example of the resource water. Starting point is the question by whom and by means of which instruments the goods provided by that resource can be managed best. Characteristic resource conflicts will be reviewed, an overview of evaluation questions and evaluation processes will be given, the application of important prediction instruments will be covered and possible decision making criteria for conflict situations will be discussed. The acquired knowledge will be applied in practical examples. The solution of sub-problems will be practiced in a seminar-like context.

The objectives of the course are as follows:

Students are able to support decisions regarding the management of environmental resources, as well as their implementation and communication. They are proficient with different management instruments, can recognize and analyze resource conflicts, apply assessments and prognosis methods, define decision criteria, and are familiar with the principles of public participation.

Subject of Components:

Water Resources Management (2 hours/week)

Economic Aspects of Water Resources Management (2 hours/week)

Seminar Water Resources Management (3 hours/week)

Grading Method:

Seminar paper with oral presentation

Written exam

Subject Name: Sustainable Energy Economics	Instructor: Bruckner, Thomas	
Credits:	Lesson Style:	Teaching Style:
5, (10ECTS)	Lecture, Seminar	Individual

In the context of the lecture "Energy Economics" economic aspects of energy supply with special regard to liberalized energy markets will be discussed. The second lecture "Energy System Modeling" presents different energy system optimization models, energy economic approaches and integrated assessment methods applied to support energy economic and climate political decisions on the basis of different operation research methods. The acquired knowledge will be applied in practical examples and practices in a seminar-like context. For that there will be an introduction either to the GAMS (modelling language) or Python (programming language).

Students will be able to understand the mode of operation of energy markets - especially of deregulated energy markets -. Moreover, the course presents different procedures to analyze national and international problems in the area of energy and climate policy. The students will learn how to develop simple optimization models on their own and choose suitable methods for solving the most important decision problems in these areas.

Subject of Components:

Energy Economics (2 hours/week)

Integrated Assessment Modelling (2 hours/week)

Seminar (2 hours/week)

### Grading Method:

Seminar paper with oral presentation (50%)

Written exam (50%)

Subject Name: Land Management	Instructor: Meyer, Burghard Fischer, Jens-Uwe	
Credits: 5, (10ECTS)	Lesson Style: Lecture, Seminar	Teaching Style: Omnibus

The subject imparts knowledge about land uses, instruments and institutions in selected European Sates as well as about EU strategies and their impacts on national land use planning.

Focus lies on strategies and approaches for sustainable land management in urban environments and in the countryside. Suitable instruments for planning and incentives will be presented and the role of various stakeholders will be elaborated. In small teams students will prepare, present and discuss selected land use problems, instruments and institutions from their own national background.

The objectives of the course are, to get students an insight into:

- introduction to the topics landscape, land use and land management in the context of sustainability,
- · knowledge and application of suitable management instruments,
- · reflexion about similarities and differences in the European context and
- · definition of problems and finding of solutions in teams

Subject of Components:

Land Management in the European Context (2 hours/week)

Landscape Management (2 hours/week)

Integrated Brownfield Re-Use Strategies / Policies and Tools (2 hours/week)

Grading Method:

Written exam

Seminar paper

Subject Name: Environmental and Biodiversity Economics	Instructor: Quaas, Martin	
Credits: 5, (10ECTS)	Lesson Style: Lecture, Seminar,	Teaching Style: Individual
	Field work	

The course covers the following:

- · environmental economic theory to externalities and public goods,
- · economic valuation of environmental goods,
- · analysis of environmental policy instruments in partial and general equilibrium,
- · environmental policy instrument under uncertainty and information asymetrie,
- · concept for the measurement and valuation of Biodiversity, concept of environmental economy for biodiversity protection

The objectives of the course are as follows.

Students can describe and critically discuss the economic causes and consequences of environmental issues. They are able to describe allocative issues in partial and general equilibrium for various environmental problems (loss of biodiversity, anthropogenic climate change, air pollution etc.). With the help of environmental economic methods and concepts, students are able to evaluate and question the macroeconomic efficiency and distributional effects of current environmental and biodiversity policies. They can apply various environmental economics instruments (taxes, emission rights, environmental liability law, regulations etc.) to develop solution approaches to environmental issues and biodiversity loss.

#### Subject of Components:

Environmental and Biodiversity economic (4 hours/week)

Practice (2 hours/week)

## Grading Method:

Subject Name:	Instructor:	
Integration Module	Bruckner, Thomas	
Credits:	Lesson Style:	Teaching Style:
7.5, (15ECTS)	Lecture	Individual

The project work takes place in interdisciplinary groups and involves conducting a case study for a given sustainability issue, or with a given method. Depending on the topic, the following steps are required:

- Analyze a complex socio-ecological and/or socio-technical system
- Identify societal conflicts
- Select and apply an appropriate scientific method
- Compare different solution approaches and/or assess societal conflicts
- Present scientifically-based actions aimed at improving sustainability

The objectives of the lecture are as follows:

Students are able to analyze and solve complex problems in the field of sustainable development as a member of an interdisciplinary team. They can further develop scientific methods and instruments from different disciplines (in particular economics, social sciences, environmental sciences, inter- and transdisciplinary research etc.) and independently apply a multidisciplinary research methodology that is based on an understanding of the complex interdependence of socio-ecological and/or socio-technical systems and societal conflicts. They can assess future-oriented solution approaches and advocate scientifically-based actions aimed at improving sustainability. They are also able to integrate the inherent complexity, uncertainty and required long-term thinking of sustainable development, into their argumentation.

In this seminar, students will familiarize themselves with interdisciplinary teamwork: they can present and advocate solutions options and/or assessment results to both experts and non-experts. Additionally, students will be able to independently conduct extensive scientific research in preparation for their master's thesis.

$\alpha$		C	$\alpha$		
511	niect.	$\cap$ t	Com	non	ents.

**Integration Module** 

Grading Method:

Subject Name:	Instructor:	
Project Management and Communication	Saupe, Gerit	
Skills	Pahl, Burkhard	
Credits:	Lesson Style:	Teaching Style:
2.5, (5ECTS)	Lecture	Omnibus

Objectives are systematic methods to expand team and leadership competences as well as an overview of various theoretical approaches to problem and project structuring. After taking the course participants will be able to choose suitable management instruments for different professional application areas and apply standard instruments.

The subject introduces the aims of project management and presents various instruments such as Standard Project Management Body of Knowledge (PMBOK) of the Project Management Institute (PMI), Competence Baseline (ICB) of the International Project Management Association (IPMA), Projects in Controlled Environments (Prince2), ISO 10006 Guidelines and other. The course further includes presentations from experts with successful applications in the industry. The application of project management software will be practised.

Subject of Components:

Conflict Management (1 hour/week)

Project Management (2 hours/week)

Grading Method:

Subject Name:	Instructor:	
Material Flow Management	Thrän, Daniela	
Credits:	Lesson Style:	Teaching Style:
2.5, (5ECTS)	Lecture	Individual

The subject presents an introduction to the main theoretical and practical concepts of the current methodologies used for an appropriate management of material flows. In particular, the module will focus on Life Cycle Assessment, considered as the basis for the state-of-the-art methodologies for the evaluation of potential impacts arising from products, processes and services. The lecture will provide the methodological basis of LCA according to the standard ISO norms, whilst at the same time providing practical examples for applying the methods for inventory analysis and the subsequent impact assessment models.

The lecture with integrated exercises covers an introduction to the main approaches to material flow management. Because of its manifold applications (carbon footprint, EU sustainability regulation etc.), the main focus lies on LCA. After a theoretical presentation of concepts and principles, students are required to apply LCA to a case study.

The objectives of the course are as follows.

Students are familiar with the main theoretical and applied concepts of the current methodologies of energy and material flow management, in particular with Life Cycle Assessment (LCA). Students can apply the LCA principles according to ISO standards to evaluate the potential environmental impacts arising from products, processes and services. They are able to carry out life cycle inventory and life cycle impact assessment.

Subject of Components:

Material Flow Management (3 hours/week)

Grading Method:

Subject Name:	Instructor:	
Sustainability Assessment of the	Bruckner, Thomas	
Energiewende		
Credits:	Lesson Style:	Teaching Style:
2.5, (5ECTS)	Seminar	Individual

The sustainability Assessment of the "Energiewende" aims to link theory with practice by applying theoretical concepts of sustainability and sustainability assessment to selected problem contexts. It aims to enable students to understand the complexity of reaching a sustainable output not only of international agreements between national governments, but as well as of international projects between civil society and business groups. Students will be trained to use analytical models to critically and systematically evaluate international agreements and projects. It employs innovative didactical methods such as role playing to enable students to critically apply assessment instruments. Finally, the seminar aims to enhance the argumentation and communication skills of the students.

The assessment of International environmental policies and projects can be conducted through the perspective of sustainability. These 'sustainable' policies and projects aim to attenuate environmental stress for instance by imposing a more efficient use of resources.

Since sustainable development is not autonomous, it requires management. It pre-requires standards for achieving the desired sustainability performance. Thus it needs various frameworks of assessment. Frameworks aim to demonstrate the linkages between the key elements of entrepreneurship and standards of sustainable development. Nevertheless, sustainability as a concept needs to be addressed as part of a larger system. Other concepts such as equity, fairness, human rights and political feasibility may inhibit the implementation of sustainability projects. The analysis of how the process of policy-making and project implementation runs in the

The analysis of how the process of policy-making and project implementation runs in the international and national context offers the opportunities to come up with strategies to cope with the weaknesses and to take advantage of the strengths of sustainability policies and projects.

### Subject of Components:

Sustainability Assessment of the Energiewende (2 hours/week)

### Grading Method:

Subject Name: Modelling in Resources Management	Instructor: Bruckner, Thomas Drechsler, Martin	
Credits: 5, (10ECTS)	Lesson Style: Lecture	Teaching Style: Omnibus

The first lecture presents various energy system models, energy industry models and integrated assessment models to support decision makers in the energy industry and climate policy. After the presentation of the corresponding Operation Research methods, exemplary results of different energy optimization models will be discussed. In addition, it will show how computer models can be created to support the decision-making process in the energy industry or energy policy. Ecological modelling of populations, economic modelling of nature conservation instruments, ecological-economic modelling of nature conservation instruments and land use dynamics, integration of different policy objectives.

The students are able to describe the most important approaches to modeling energy supply systems and are able to program simple computer models for the analysis of energy economics and energy policy issues. In addition, the students are proficient in the basics of ecological, economic and ecological-economic modelling, can discuss questions of nature conservation economics and read and understand scientific papers on the topic.

Subject of Components:

Energy System and Agent Based Modelling (2 hours/week)

Ecological-Economic Modelling for Biodiversity Conservation (2 hours/week)

Grading Method:

Written exam

Subject Name: Entrepreneurship Management	Instructor: Dornberger, Utz Berribes-Flemmig, Claudia	
Credits: 5, (10ECTS)	Lesson Style: Seminar, Field work	Teaching Style: Collaboration

This subject illustrates in depth the main strategies and concepts for the management of business start-ups. In the first place students will learn the methodologies for elaborating a Business Model and a Business Plan. In this way, they develop important competences which can be applied in the conception and planning of new businesses.

In the progress of the course, an internet-based "Business Simulation Game", will be carried out, using the acquired knowledge to write Business Plans. Groups of max 4 members are formed and must encounter strategic decisions to business planning.

# Subject of Components:

Entrepreneurship Management (3 hours/week)

Business Simulation Game (3 hours/week)

## Grading Method:

Subject Name:	Instructor:	
Economics and Natural Resource Use and	Quaas, Martin	
Conservation		
Credits:	Lesson Style:	Teaching Style:
5, (10ECTS)	Lecture, Seminar, Field	Individual
	work	

The overviews of the course are as follows.

- · Use of renewable natural resources,
- economic analysis of overuse of natural resources and of biodiversity loss,
- · economic concepts and instruments of the nature protection,
- · use of non-renewable resources,
- · Theory of "green" economic growth,
- · sustainable economics,

The objectives of the course are as follows:

Students are familiar with the political-economic value of natural resources. They can recognize the principles for the sustainable and efficient use of natural resources, and take into account current and future use options as well as trade-offs between use and conservation. They are able to apply the most relevant methods and concepts of modern resource and sustainable economics in order to estimate the optimal use of natural resources (i.e. forests, fisheries, biodiversity etc.), and the required conservation for future generations. Students can identify the reasons for overuse and can apply pertinent economic approaches and instruments for environmental conservation.

#### Subject of Components:

Economics and Natural Resource Use and Conservation (4 hours/week)

Practice (2 hours/week)

# Grading Method:

Subject Name:	Subject Name	Credits:	Instructor:
修士論文	in English:	15	Kubota Tetsu, Zhang Junyi, Nishina
	Master Thesis		Daisaku, Matsumura Yukihiko, Tsukai
			Makoto, Tran Dang Xuan, Hosaka Tetsuro,
			Lee Hansoo, Fujiwara Akimasa, Kashima
			Saori, Chikaraishi Makoto
		Lesson Style:	Teaching Style:
		Seminar	Individual

By completing a master thesis of their own research theme individually, students will obtain competencies in identifying unsolved problems, figuring out observed and unobserved factors related to problems, discovering new facts based on objective analysis, and disseminating them through the publication of papers and communications to society. finding unknown . Lectures will direct their topics, make feedbacks to support their thesis writings and train a skill of paper presentation.

#### Class Schedule

During the entire of this course, students will complete their own thesis and make a presentation individually based on the instruction from supervisors.

# • Kubota Tetsu

Conduct research training on implementation of energy-saving techniques for buildings/cities for achieving low-carbon societies, focusing especially on the hot-humid climates of Southeast Asia.

### Zhang Junyi

Conduct research training on interdisciplinary research related to regional and urban planning, mobility design, energy and environmental policy, tourism and health policy, and human errors, from a perspective of mobilities and urban policy.

#### Nishina Daisaku

Conduct research training on engineering research related to urban and architectural environment from the viewpoints of water environment, urban landscape and environmental phycology.

#### • Matsumura Yukihiko

Conduct research training on biomass organic wastes and supercritical fluid.

# • Tsukai Makoto

Conduct research training on statistical data analysis related to urban and transportation planning.

# • Tran Dang Xuan

Conduct research on isolation and identification of secondary metabolites derived from crops tolerant to climate changes (drought, salt damage, high temperature, flooding), weeds and pathogen infection, as well as the social implementation of elite genes for breeding in crops.

#### · Hosaka Tetsuro

Conduct research training on implementation of sustainable management of forest, farmland and urban ecosystems for balancing human social activities and conservation of healthy ecosystems.

#### Lee Hansoo

Conduct researches and educations on the following s; assessment of global warming impacts on coastal region, and assessment of renewable energy resource by using regional climate modelling.

# • Fujiwara Akimasa

Conduct research training on inter-disciplinary research related to transportation engineering from the viewpoints of transport planning methods and transport policy evaluations.

## • Kashima Saori

Conduct research training on inter-disciplinary research related to epidemiological study focusing on environmental health problems and study on development of health care system based on spatial statistics.

#### • Chikaraishi Makoto

Conduct research training on interdisciplinary research particularly on the methodological development and policy evaluation, dealing with social, economic, and environmental risks towards the development of sustainable infrastructure systems.

## Text / Reference Books, etc.:

Distribution materials

## Grading Method:

Grading: Excellent: S or  $\geq 90$ , Superior: A or  $\geq 80$ , <90, Good: B or  $\geq 70$ , <80, Fair: C or  $\geq 60$ , <70, Fail: D or <60

Subject Name: Master's Thesis	Instructor: Bruckner Thomas, Dornberger Utz, Engel Ulf Gawel Eric, Klauer Bernd, Lehmann Paul, Nisse Pahl Burkhard, Quaas Martin, Schnabl Gunther, Berrones-Flemming Claudia Nelly, Geyler Stefan Rietdorf Ute	n Sylke, , Thrän Daniela,
Credits: 15, (30ECTS)	Lesson Style: Seminar	Teaching Style: Individual

Students receive guidance, write a master's thesis and take an oral examination.

- · Bruckner, Thomas: Research guidance on energy systems modelling and climate change
- Dornberger, Utz: Research guidance on Innovation Management and International Entrepreneurship
- Engel, Ulf: Research guidance on Peace and security in Africa, and Violent de- and Reterritorialization in Africa
- · Fischer, Jens-Uwe: Research guidance on Soil protection and Land recultivation
- Gawel, Eric: Research guidance on New Institutional Economics and Environmental Economics
- Klauer, Bernd: Research guidance on Water resource economics and River basin management
- · Lehmann, Paul: Research guidance on Energy transition and Energy externalities
- · Nissen, Sylke: Research guidance on EU Integration and Urban transformation
- Pahl, Burkhard: Research guidance on Building design and management and cultural heritage management
- · Quaas, Martin: Research guidance on Economic-ecological modelling and Biodiversity
- · Schnabl, Gunther: Research guidance on Monetary integration and Investment crisis
- · Thrän, Daniela: Research guidance on Biomass energy and Energy transition
- Berribes-Flemmig, Claudia Nelly: Research guidance on SME financial Management and Social entrepreneurship
- Geyler, Stefan: Research guidance on Sustainable Infrastructure Management and Water resource management
- · Meyer, Burghard: Research guidance on Landscape ecology and Landscape modelling
- · Rietdorf, Ute: Research guidance on Rural development and African development

# Grading Method: